# The Mapleton Item.

VOL. 10. MAPLETON DEPOT, PA., WEDNESDAY, APRIL 13, 1898. NO. 3


## PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT NOV. 29, 1897.

| | P.M. | Night. | A.M | A.M. | A.M. | P.M* |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| New York.... | 8.00 | 12.15 | ..... | ..... | 9.00 | 2.00 |
| Philadelphia. | 11.20 | 4.30 | 7.00 | 8.30 | 12.25 | 4.35 |
| Washington ... | 10.40 | ..... | ..... | 7.50 | 10.50 | ..... |
| Baltimore ..... | 11.40 | 4.50 | ..... | 8.40 | 11.45 | ..... |
| | D'ly | D'ly. | D'ly. | D'ly. | D'ly. | Dly |
| | A.M | A. M. | A. M. | A. M. | P. M. | P M. |
| Harrisburg..... | 3.10 | 8.00 | 11.48 | 11.45 | 3.50 | 5.00 |
| Rockville ..... | .... | 8.12 | 11.59 | ..... | ..... | 5.13 |
| Marysville..... | 3.24 | 8.17 | 12.03 | ..... | ..... | 5.18 |
| Duncannon..... | 3.38 | 8.35 | 12.16 | ..... | 4.15 | 5.34 |
| Newport ..... | 3.59 | 9.05 | 12.37 | ..... | 4.35 | 6.02 |
| Millerstown. ... .... | | 9.15 | 12.45 | ..... | ..... | 6.11 |
| Thompsontown .... | | 9.26 | 12.53 | ..... | ..... | 6.21 |
| Port Royal..... | 4.31 | 9.44 | 1.07 | ..... | ..... | 6.38 |
| Mifflin ..... | 4.37 | 9.50 | 1.11 | 12.57 | 5.07 | 6.43 |
| Lewistown Jc. | 4.58 | 10.13 | 1.30 | 1.13 | 5.27 | 7.07 |
| McVeytown.... | 5.20 | 10.38 | 1,49 | ..... | ..... | 7,30 |
| N. Hamilton... | 5.38 | 11.00 | 2.06 | ..... | ..... | 7.50 |
| Mount Union... | 5.42 | 11.06 | 2.10 | ..... | 6.08 | 7.56 |
| Mapleton. ..... | 5.49 | 11.13 | 2.15 | ..... | ..... | 8.02 |
| Huntingdon, ... | 6,08 | 11.32 | 2.29 | 2.06 | 6.27 | 8.20 |
| Petersburg ..... | 6 21 | 11.47 | 2.43 | ..... | ..... | 8.33 |
| Birmingham ... | 6.48 | 12.13 | 3.07 | ..... | h | 8.56 |
| Tyrone. ..... | 6.55 | 12.20 | 3.12 | 2.45 | 7.04 | 9.02 |
| Bellwood..... | 7.18 | 12.41 | 3.29 | ..... | 7.23 | 9.20 |
| Altoona..... | 7.40 | 1.00 | 3.45 | 3.15 | 7.40 | 9.35 |
| Pittsburg ..... | 12.10 | 5.50 | 8.30 | 7.00 | 11.30 | 2.00 |
| | P M. | P. M. | P. M. | P. M. | P. M. | P.M |

Harrisburg 10.20, Rockville 10.31, Marysville 10.34, Duncannon 10.47, Newport 11.16, Millerstown 11.14, Mifflin 11.40, Lewistown Junction 11.58, p. m. Huntingdon 12.55, Tyrone 1.32, Altoona 2.00, Pittsburg 5.30 a. m.

"h" stops to let off passengers from points east or south of Harrisburg.

| | *D'ly | D'ly. | D'ly. | Dly | D'ly. | P. M. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | A M. | A. M. | A. M. | P M. | P. M. | 4.30 |
| Pittsburg ..... | | ..... | 8.00 | | 1.00 | |
| Altoona..... | 5.00 | 7.15 | 11.40 | 2.05 | 6.05 | 9.05 |
| Bellwood..... | 5.13 | 7.30 | 11.52 | 2.19 | 6.20 | 9.19 |
| Tyrone ..... | 5.25 | 7.48 | 12.03 | 2.35 | 6.37 | 9.33 |
| Birmingham . | 5.29 | 7.53 | g | 2.40 | 6.42 | |
| Petersburg ... | 5.47 | 8.17 | | 3.03 | 7.06 | |
| Huntingdon.... | 5.58 | 8.30 | 12.35 | 3.17 | 7.20 | 10.12 |
| Mapleton. ..... | 6.12 | 8.47 | | 3.35 | 7.35 | |
| Mt. Union..... | 6.18 | 8.53 | | 3.42 | 7.41 | 10.32 |
| N. Hamilton ... | 6.22 | 8.58 | | 3.47 | 7.46 | |
| McVeytown.... | 6.39 | 9.15 | | 4.08 | 8.04 | |
| Lewiston Jc.... | 7.00 | 9.35 | 1.33 | 4.33 | 8.26 | 11.16 |
| Mifflin..... | 7.20 | 9.55 | 1.50 | 4.55 | 8.47 | 11.37 |
| Port Royal..... | 7.25 | 9.59 | | 5.00 | 8.52 | |
| Thompsontown | 7.41 | 10.14 | | 5.18 | 9.07 | |
| Millerstown. ... | 7.50 | 10.22 | | 5.28 | 9.16 | |
| Newport..... | 8.00 | 10.32 | | 5.39 | 9.26 | |
| Duncannon..... | 8.24 | 10.54 | | 6.08 | 9.50 | |
| Marysville ..... | 8.38 | 11.07 | | 6.26 | 10.04 | |
| Rockville. ..... | 8.43 | 11.12 | | 6.32 | 10.08 | |
| Harrisburg..... | 8.55 | 11.25 | 3.10 | 6.45 | 10.20 | 1.00 |

Pittsburg 3.30, Altoona 6.50, Tyrone 7.12, Huntingdon 7.44, Harrisburg 10.00 A. M. daily.

| | P.M. | P. M. | P. M. | P M | P.M. | | A.M |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Baltimore..... | 12.40 | *3.10 | 6.00 | 9.45 | | | |
| Washington.. | 1.47 | *4.10 | 7.15 | 10.55 | | | |
| Phila.....12.17 | 12.50 | *3.00 | 6.23 | 10.20 | | | 4.30 |
| New York 2.43 | 3.33 | *5,53 | 9.30 | 3.53 | | | 7.33 |

Additional trains are run as under:—

Leave Pittsburg 8.10 P. M. daily, Altoona 12.01 A. M., Huntingdon 12.58 A. M.; arrive Harrisburg 3.30 A. M., Philadelphia 6,52 A. M.

Leave Pittsburg 7.30 A. M. daily, Altoona 11.05 A. M., Tyrone 11.30 A. M., Huntingdon 12.03 P. M., Lewistown Junction 1.02 p. m., Newport 1.53 p. m.; arrive Harrisburg 2.40 p. m., Philadelphia 5.47 p. m., New York 8.23 p.m., Baltimore 6,00 p.m., Washington 7.15p.m.

Leave Altoona 10.50 p. m. and arrive Huntingdon 11.55 p. m., stopping at all intermediate stations.

*Week-days only. "g" stops to let off passengers from Pittsburg only.

Connecting trains leave as follows:

At Lewistown Junction.—For Sunbury 7.30 A. M. and 3.05 P. M. week days.

For Milroy 6.35, 10.20 A. M. and 3.10 p. M. week days.

At Huntingdon—For Bedford and Cumberland 8.35 A. M. and 6.35 P. M. week days. Bedford only 8.00 A. M. Sundays.

At Tyrone—For Clearfield and Curwensville 8.20 A. M., 3.20 and 7.20 P. M. week days.

For Bellefonte and Lock Haven 8.10 A. M., 12.30 and 7.15 P. M. week days.

For Scotia 7.50 A.M. and 2.55 P.M. week days.

For further information apply to ticket agents, or Thomas E. Watt, Passenger Agent, Western Division, Corner Fifth Avenue, and Smithfield Street, Pittsburg.

J. B. HUTCHINSON, Gen'l Manager. J. R. WOOD, Gen'l Pass. Agt.

## EAST BROAD TOP RAILROAD.

Schedule in effect Nov. 29, 1897.

| NORTH. Mail, No.5. | NORTH. Mail, No.3 | NORTH. Mail, No.1 | NORTH. Mixed. | STATIONS. | SOUTH. Mail, No. 2. | SOUTH. Mail, No. 6. | SOUTH. Mixed, No. 8. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| P. M. | a.m. | a.m | | | A. M. | p. m. | p. m. |
| 1 07 | 8 38 | 6 20 | | Robertsdale | 11 39 | 6 39 | 1 57 |
| 1 19 | 8 50 | 6 32 | | Cook's | 11 24 | 6 27 | 1 44 |
| 1 31 | 9 02 | 6 44 | | Cole's | 11 09 | 6 15 | 1 31 |
| 1 59 | 9 28 | 7 10 | | Saltillo | 10 39 | 5 35 | 12 52 |
| 2 07 | 9 36 | 7 17 | | Three Springs | 10 30 | 5 28 | 12 45 |
| 2 19 | 9 48 | 7 29 | | *Beersville | 10 15 | 5 16 | 12 33 |
| 2 34 | 10 03 | 7 43 | | Rockhill | 9 53 | 4 54 | 12 18 |
| 2 50 | 10 18 | 8 00 | | Shirley | 9 38 | 4 39 | 11 53 |
| 3 00 | 10 26 | 8 08 | | *Augh. Mills | 9 30 | 4 31 | 11 45 |
| 3 21 | 10 46 | 8 28 | | Mount Union | 9 15 | 4 16 | 11 25 |
| p. m. | a. m. | a.m | | | a. m. | p. m. | a. m. |

No. 9 leaves Robertsdale 7.22, a. m., Cooks 7.34, Coles 7.46, Saltillo 8.14, Three Springs 8.22, Beersville 8.34, arrives at Rockhill 8.49.

No. 7 leaves Robertsdale 5.03 p. m., Cooks 5. 13, Coles 5.25, Saltillo 5.45, Three Spring 5.53, Beersville 6.05, arrives at Rockhill 6.20.

No. 4 leaves Rockhill 6.30 a. m., Beersville 6.42, Three Springs 6.54, Saltillo 7.01, Coles 7.36, Cooks 7.58, arrives at Robertsdale 8.10.

No. 10 leaves Rockhill 5.30 a. m., Beersville 5.42, Three Springs 5.54, Saltillo 6.01, Coles 6.44, Cooks 6.54, arrives at Robertsdale 7.04.

## SHADE GAP BRANCH.

| WEST. No. 14 | WEST. No. 12 | STATIONS. | EAST No. 11 | EAST No. 13 |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| p. m. | a. m. | | a. m. | p. m. |
| 6 00 | 9 55 | L Rockhill A | 9 00 | 5 05 |
| 5 53 | 9 48 | *Blacklog | 9 07 | 5 12 |
| 5 45 | 9 40 | *Cedar Rock | 9 15 | 5 20 |
| 5 41 | 9 36 | *Locke Vall'y | 9 19 | 5 24 |
| 5 35 | 9 30 | *Shade Gap Stair | 9 25 | 5 30 |
| | | A Goshorn L | | |

All trains run daily except Sunday.

*Flag stations. A. W. GREENWOOD, Superintendent

## EPWORTH LEAGUE.

**Lesson For the Week Beginning April 17. Comment by Rev. W. J. Yates, A. M. Topic, The Keeping Power of God.**

SCRIPTURE READING.—I Pet. 1, 5; Deut. xxxiii, 27; Isa. lix, 19.

"Kept by the power of God through faith unto salvation ready to be revealed in the last time."

The salvation, though not seen by men in its fullness, is all ready to be unveiled before them. The time for its full manifestation has not come. Plans are complete, the figure of the perfect man has been cast and reared aloft on its pedestal so high that all men and angels and demons can see it, but the covering is still over it. The hour of its unveiling comes on, but is not yet. The people are to be prepared. By faith they are being made ready for the great day. While it delays the power of God keeps them in hope, purifies them in love, perfects in patience, leads in good works and protects in dangers and delivers amid temptations.

"The eternal God is thy refuge, and underneath is the everlasting arms."

Is the present pain so hard to bear?
Is the future dark with dread?
Are sin and sorrow everywhere?
Are you weary and hard bestead?
Do the billows and tempest terrify?
Have the waves gone over the head?
There's refuge secure in God's sweet grace
And comfort in His love.
His everlasting arms embrace.
He rules below, above;
He gives His peace to troubled hearts
Like the brooding of the dove.

Whatever may be the temptation, however great the sorrow or pressing the exigency, when all human sources of help fail and all human reason is baffled, God finds the way. "Man's extremity is God's opportunity." With Him is no weariness. Our failures come from our lack of simple trust in God. It is not that the difficulties of life are so great that we fail; it is because we fail to grow strong in Christ and rest in His power. We rely upon our own prudence and sagacity and fail. What we onght to do is to think clearly and act resolutely so far as we know and submit all to God for His guidance never wavering in faith. When the hour comes for decision, some way — the right way—will have opened, oftentimes in unexpected directions.

Cast your care on Jesus.
Trust Him to the end.

### Saints, Ancient and Modern.

It is not to be supposed that because we call them St. Peter and St. Paul and St. James, etc., they called each other by this title. At close view Paul saw some things in Peter which he called dissimulation and rebuked sharply before the company of Christians met with them. Yet they were both godly men, and we do no wrong in calling them saints.

Perhaps at the present day our near view of some gives us less regard and appreciation for their piety than is really deserved. Perhaps we are looking for marks of sainthood not to be found on earth in any age. Even Jesus had no halo around His head until it was placed there by artists, and then it was only a canvas. Sainthood means the indwelling of the Divine presence in holy thought and choice and feeling. It means the faithful performance of daily duty in uncomplaining patience, however humble the task may be. It needs no winding sheet of flame to make one heroic, no striving after the unattainable. Sanctity and saintliness mean now, as they ever meant, loving obedience to the will of God. Earth may never enroll your name in this calendar and write your name with holy prefix, but if you live rightly God will crown you with His glory in due time and all eternity shall call you blessed.

### What Are You Reading?

No young person can afford to read haphazard whatever comes to hand any more than they can afford to eat and drink anything chance may throw in their way. Some plan should be adopted and closely followed. To read nothing but stories is to ruin the power of the mind and spoil all appetite for more healthful and valuable reading. Quality should be more considered than quantity. If one wishes to improve in mind and character, close attention should be given to the selection of the books to be read. Life is too short and time too precious to waste in the worthless. A book which is not positively good and helpful is inevitably harmful and wasteful of time and energy. It would be well to have an evening in every chapter when the members shall in turn tell what they have read recently and recommend what they have found of value.

M. L. Yocum, Cameron, Pa., says: "I was a sufferer for ten years, trying most all kinds of pile remedies, but without success. DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve was recommended to me. I used one box. It has effected a permanent cure." As a permanent cure for piles, DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve has no equal. A. B. Gillam and J. O. Heaton.

## CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOR.

**Topic For the Week Beginning April 17. Comment by Rev. S. H. Doyle.**

TOPIC.—Lessons from great missionaries.—Acts xiii, 1-3, 13-33, 42-52.

Christianity is essentially a missionary religion. The mission of the Christian church, as marked out by its Head and Founder, is a worldwide mission. All nations are to be led to Christ, and the only way by which this can be done is for the disciples of Christ to go as missionaries and tell all men the story of Jesus and His love. This has been done from the earliest days of Christianity. This thirteenth chapter of the Acts of the Apostles tells the story of the origin and beginning of the first great missionary movement under the Holy Ghost and Paul, by which the Roman empire was to be led to Christ. Paul was the greatest of the early followers of Christ. He consecrated his life to missions. Many of Christianity's great men have done the same thing since. From their lives we may learn useful and important lessons as to what is necessary to successfully carry forward God's work, whether at home or abroad.

1. From great missionaries we may learn to submit ourselves to God. This is characteristic of all great missionaries. They submitted themselves entirely to God. They were guided by the Holy Ghost. In the origin of Christian missions the Holy Ghost said to the church at Antioch, "Separate Me Barnabas and Saul for the work whereunto I have called them." The church submitted. Barnabas and Saul submitted. After fasting and prayer and the laying on of hands Barnabas and Saul were sent away. After listening to a missionary address when a young man in England Robert Moffat, the great missionary, went home to his room and prayed that if it were God's will he would send him forth to preach the gospel to the heathen. He found it was God's will and gladly went forth. Entire surrender to God is a necessary prerequisite to successful work for God.

2. From great missionaries we may learn to be willing to labor in new and uncultivated fields. Barnabas and Saul carried the gospel where it had not been before. Paul afterward declared that he built upon no other man's foundation. It is recorded in the life of Livingstone that early he showed "a fixed determination not to labor in more accessible fields, but to strike out beyond." To strike out beyond requires courage, self sacrifice, willingness to do hard work, but it pays in the end, and we should be willing to do it. In his first striking out into the inland of Africa Robert Moffat lived for six months alone in a rude hut. "In this hut," says the historian, "he remained, exposed to the sun, rain, dogs, snakes and cattle, doing his own sewing and cooking and often having nothing to cook, consoling himself with his violin and Scotch psalms, but with all his hardships maintaining regular day schools and preaching services." And God blessed his arduous, self sacrificing toil. God will bless us if we are willing to do the hardest work for Christ.

Bible Readings.—Isa. lii, 7; Nah. i, 15; Math. v, 11, 12; xxviii, 18-20; Rom. ix, 1-5; x, 14, 15; Acts i, 6-14; viii, 26-40; xv, 25, 26; xvi, 8-12; I Cor. iii, 5-10; ix, 19-23; II Cor. xi, 23-33; II Tim. iv, 6-8; Heb. xi, 36-40.

### Common Sense In Doing Good.

We want more common sense in doing good. Oh, how many people there are who want to do good and they are dead failures! Why is it? They do not exercise the same tact, the same ingenuity, the same stratagem, the common sense in the work of Christ that they do in worldly things; otherwise they would succeed in the other. There are many men who have an arrogant way with them, although they may not feel arrogant in their soul, or they have a patronizing way. They talk to a man of the world in a manner which seems to say, "Don't you wish you were as good as I am? Why, I have to look clear down before I can see you, you are so far beneath me." That manner always disgusts, always drives men away from the kingdom of Jesus Christ instead of bringing them in.—Dr. Talmage.

It is a great leap from the old fashioned doses of blue-mass and nauseous physics to the pleasant little pills known as DeWitt's Little Early Risers. They cure constipation, sick headache and biliousness. A. B. Gillam and J. O. Heaton.

Thirty-five years make a generation. That is how long Adolph Fisher, of Zanesville, O., suffered from piles. He was cured by using three boxes of DeWitt's Witch Havel Salve. A. B. Gillam and J. O. Heaton.

Children like it, it saves their lives. We mean One Minute Cough Cure, the infallible remedy for coughs, colds, croup, bronchitis, grippe, and all throat and lung troubles. A. B. Gillam and J. O. Heaton.

### School Reports.

*No. 1.—Louisa A. Dell, teacher.*

| | Males. | Females. | Total. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Whole No. enrolled | 21 | 25 | 46 |
| Average attendance | 20 | 19 | 39 |
| Per cent. of " | 89 | 90 | 90 |

The following pupils missed no time during the month: Harry Turnbaugh, Harry Hommon, Harry Henderson, Cecil O'Connor Ernest Hooper, Edward Spangler, Herbert Hicks, Victor Mallet, John Turnbaugh Lena Palmer, Maud Barclay, Mary Hooper, Mattie Brininger, Esther Brown, Ella McHugh, Hattie Lamberson, Flora Dell, Olie Moore, Ethel Wood, Lena Truax.

*No. 2.—Milda D. Chilcote, teacher.*

| | Males. | Females. | Total· |
|---|---|---|---|
| Whole No. enrolled | 21 | 8 | 29 |
| Average attendance | 20 | 7 | 27 |
| Per cent. of " | 93 | 92 | 92 |

The following pupils missed no time during the month: Charles O'Connor, James McHugh, Victor Brumbaugh, William Hooper, Luther Skipper, Gilbert Skipper, Loy Rex, Roy O'Connor and Myrtle Fisher. Myrtle Fisher and Luther Skipper missed no days during entire term. Visitors 8.

*No. 3—A. M. Smith, teacher.*

| | Males. | Females. | Total· |
|---|---|---|---|
| Whole No. enrolled | 9 | 10 | 19 |
| Average attendance | 6 | 8 | 14 |
| Per cent. of " | 90 | 96 | 93 |

The following pupils missed no time during the month: Edith Wood, Jettie Moore, Ada Wilson, Lulu McDonald. Visitors 8.

Following is report of Railroad school, Union township, for sixth month ending April 7, 1898:

| | Males. | Females. | Total. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Whole No. enrolled | 14 | 14 | 28 |
| Average attendance | 9 | 11 | 20 |
| Per cent. of " | 88 | 89 | 89 |

The following pupils missed no time during the month: Agnes Grove, Sarah Walls, Olive Coder, Charlie Skipper, Elba Coder. Olive Coder and Elbe Coder missed no time during the term. Visitors 17.

BERTHA CODER, teacher.

### Endeavor Jottings.

Cincinnati proposes to send a large delegation to Nashville, 1898, to work and talk for Cincinnati, 1899.

There are in Wisconsin and Illinois 29 Welsh Christian Endeavor societies, with 1,500 members. They have formed a Welsh Christian Endeavor union.

The railroad rate to Nashville, 1898, has been definitely decided by several railroad associations. It will be a one fare rate from all points and return.

Secretary Baer has been invited by the British council to cross the Atlantic and to attend the next British national convention, which will be held in Glasgow in May.

It is significant of the growth of Christian Endeavor in Ireland that at a county rally, the mid-Ulster rally, there came together recently more than 800 visiting delegates.

### Indianapolis, 1899.

The next international Epworth League convention will be held in the beautiful city of Indianapolis. It is anticipated that 40,000 delegates will be in attendance. The city is capable of taking care of that number comfortably. The halls, hotels and churches to be used are all located near together. The lot for the great tent is across the street from Tomlinson hall. The city is emphatically one of elegant homes. The business section is modern and imposing. The principal streets are paved with asphalt. It is none too early to talk and plan for this meeting. It will be grander than anything before.

### A Plea For Egypt.

Egypt is parched and dry. The Nile is low and practically useless for watering the land. The farmer looks in dismay. There can be no harvest unless the seed is watered. Is there no supply for his need? Yes. On the snow capped mountains of Africa there is all he needs, but it is snow, and so useless. But the fiery sun arises, the snow is melted, the lakes are filled, the rill overflows, and the land is refreshed, the seed grows, a harvest is sure. Men are as the snow. They need the Holy Spirit to bless the world.—Preachers' Magazine.

### The First Sunday School.

It is probable that the first Sunday school in America was that organized by Bishop Asbury in 1786 at Thomas Crenshaw's, Hanover county, Ga. In 1790 provision was made by conference for Sunday schools and books. John Wesley was the first man in England to publicly approve of the plan of Robert Raikes. From the first Methodism has had her eyes open to the needs of the young people and has amply provided to meet those needs.

### The Difference.

Responsibility is a word of six syllables, love is a word of but one. Yet the distance between them is very much greater than the difference in time it takes to write them.—Lutheran.

### Free Pills.

Send your address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a free sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills. A trial will convince you of their merits. These pills are easy in action and are particularly effective in the cure of Constipation and Sick Headache. For Malaria and Liver troubles they have been proved invaluable. They are guaranteed to be perfectly free from every deleterious substance and to be purely vegetable. They do not weaken by their action, but by giving tone to the stomach and bowels greatly invigorate the system. Regular size 25c. per box. Sold by B. O'Connor & Sons.

### Marriage Licenses.

Anthony V. Hess, Jnniata township, and Martha M. Jones, Tell township.

J. Alexander Maxwell and Annie F. Morgan, both of Mount Union.

Joseph J. Crum, Hollidaysburg, and Bertha Cunningham, Entriken.

### Beats the Klondike.

Mr. A. C. Thomas, of Marysville, Tex., has found a more valuable discovery than has yet been made in the Klondike. For years he suffered untold agony from consumption, accompanied by hemorages; and was absolutely cured by Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. He declares that gold is of little value in comparison with this marvelous cure; would have it even if it cost a hundred dollars a bottle. Asthma, Bronchitis and all throat and lung affections are positively cured by Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. Trial bottles free at B. O'Connor & Sons' store. Regular size 50 cts. and $1.00. Guaranteed to cure or price refunded.

### REDUCED RATES TO WASHINGTON AND BALTIMORE.

**Special Ten-day Excursions via Pennsylvania Railroad.**

The last two low-rate ten-day excursions from Western Pennsylvania to Washington via the Pennsylvania railroad will be run on April 14 and May 12. Round-trip tickets will be sold at rates quoted below, good on special train indicated or on train No. 4, leaving Pittsburg at 8.10 P. M., and carrying through sleeping cars to Washington; returning, tickets will be good on any regular train except the Pennsylvania Limited. These tickets will also be *good to stop off at Baltimore* within their limit. Special train of through parlor cars and coaches will be run on the following schedule:—

| | Train leaves. | Rate. |
|---|---|---|
| Altoona..... | 11.40 A. M. | $7 35. |
| Tyrone..... | 12.03 P. M. | 7 25. |
| Huntingdon..... | 12.35 " | 6 65. |
| Mount Union..... | f12.54 " | 6 35. |
| Lewistown Junction..... | 1.33 " | 5 60. |
| Washington ..... | Arrive7.15 " | ..... |

"f" Stops only on notice to agent.

Should the number of passengers not be sufficient to warrant the running of a special train, the company reserves the right to carry participants in this excursion on regular train.

Tickets on sale in Pittsburg, at Union Ticket Office, 360 Fifth Avenue, and Union Station, and at all stations mentioned above. For full information apply to agents or Thomas E. Watt, Passenger Agent Western District, Fifth Avenue and Smithfield Streets, Pittsburg. 3-23-4t

A little boy asked for a bottle of "get up in the morning as fast as you can," the druggist recognized a household name for "DeWitt's Little Early Risers," and gave him a bottle of those famous little pills for constipation, sick headache, liver and stomach troubles. A. B. Gillam and J. O. Heaton.

—The first of the big H-5 locomotives, the largest engine ever built by the Pennsylvania railroad company, will likely be turned out of Juniata shops, Altoona, somewhere about April 20th. Some idea of the vast proportions of these engines can be gleaned from the fact that the boiler alone weighs about 43,000 pounds. The tenders will have a capacity of 4,500 gallons, and the entire locomotive will weigh about 110 tons.

A torpid liver robs you of ambition and ruins your health. DeWitt's Little Early Risers cleanse the liver, cure constipation and all stomach and liver troubles. A. B. Gillam and J. O. Heaton.

### THE NATION'S VOICE.

Over the plains and the meadows—
Out of the lights and the shadows,
There's an echo that thrills
In the rush of the rills,
And rings from the hearts of the firm-founded hills:

"The star-spangled banner,
Oh, long may it wave
O'er the land of the free
And the home of the brave!"

Over the roar and the rattle—
The clang and the clash of the battle,
There's a song that shall rise
And shall ring to the skies—
Where the patriot lives and the patriot dies:

"The star spangled banner,
Oh, long may it wave
O'er the land of the free
And the home of the brave!"

—Atlanta Constitution.

# Playing at Sweethearts.

"Why, I'd rather marry her myself," said I. Nothing, in truth, was further from my thoughts.

Amanda's mother regarded me curiously. "Of course," said she, "if that were the case, it would make a difference."

"But I don't really mean it," I cried, hastily. Why, the idea was absurd. Just when I was in the middle of the book on the "Cerebral Convolutions," too.

"Then," said her mother, closing her hard, thin mouth with a snap, "Amanda will marry Mr. Plutus. There is no one but you who has any right to a voice in the matter."

"There is Amanda," I suggested.

"Amanda! She is far too young to decide. I am the judge for her. Amanda shall do as I bid her and marry Mr. Plutus."

"I shall do my best to stop her."

"She shall not see you." I knew she would try to be as good as her word, and my heart went out in a great pity for poor little Amanda, who was so like her father and had been a pet of mine ever since she was a child.

"If I weren't too old—" I said, half to myself.

"Nonsense. Why, you're no older than I." She is 43.

"Too much buried in my books and in a bachelor's recreations—"

"Marriage would soon alter that."

"I could never make that child happy," I sighed.

"Nonsense! She's devoted to you."

"Not in—in that way." I believe I blushed.

"You'd soon make her."

"Do you really mean it?" I couldn't let old Tom's daughter be married to that Plutus. It would delay matters, anyhow, if she became engaged to me. Meanwhile, I might find some one else for her.

"Why not?" she asked, coolly.

"Very well; I will speak to Amanda about it," I said, slowly. "But there must be no drawing back on your part."

I had a sudden inspiration—being a man of quick thought. "I should like to have your consent in writing. To be candid, I do not trust you."

"Very well." She sat down to her escritoire. "What shall I write?"

"I consent to the marriage of my daughter to Mr. Frank Austen," I dictated. She wrote it accordingly and signed it with a flourish.

My name is the same as my nephew's. I'll have him up to town, and if he doesn't fall in love with Amanda he's a fool. That was my idea.

"Well, now I'll talk to Amanda," I said, feeling rather uncomfortable. And I did.

Amanda is 18 and stands 5 feet 2. Amanda has golden brown hair that will get loose and tumble about her cheeks and forehead. Amanda has big, dark eyes and long eyelashes and cherry-ripe lips and the dearest little dimples in the world. Amanda has soft, white hands—she generally gives me both—and tiny feet whose rush I could recognize blindfold. She came in quietly today, and there were dark marks under her eyes.

"Oh, Cousin Frank!" she cried—cousin is my brevet rank—"you won't let her make me—marry that horrible man!"

"No," said I. "Mandy, my dear, I won't." Then I kissed her. If only I were sure that she wouldn't disarrange my study!

"You kind old Frank!" She took hold of my arm and squeezed it.

"But your mother insists upon your getting engaged to some one, my dear," I said, ruefully; "somebody who is fairly well off. Are you in love with anybody, Mandy? Tell me, there's a good little girl."

She opened her eyes wide and looked at me honestly. "Oh, no, Cousin Frank! Only—only—I think perhaps I should like to be—some day."

"But there isn't any one yet? Truly?"

"Truly. No one at all."

"Well, look here, Mandy," I said, sheepishly; "your mother insists that you shall be engaged to some one, and I can only find one person."

"Not Mr. Plutus! I won't!" she cried, vehemently.

"No, no! Not any one who will annoy you, dear, or whom you dislike."

"Whoever—" She looked up at me quickly and half let go my arm.

"Just till you find some one you like," I apologized, turning as red as a poppy.

She held on to my arm again and looked down on the ground. Then she laughed. "How very funny."

"Would you mind, Mandy?"

"No—o," she laughed again. "I think it would be rather—fun. You would have to take me out a lot. wouldn't you? To pretend properly——"

"Ye—es. Oh, yes, of course." Whatever would become of the "Cerebral Convolutions?"

"But wouldn't it be rather a bother to you?"

"Not more than to you."

"Oh, it wouldn't be any bother to me!" she cried, excitedly. "We'd go to the Tower and the stores and the Crystal Palace and the Zoo and the exhibition—and have tea in the gardens—and the opera and——"

She saw my face fall. "I only meant to some of them," she explained. "You always do take me to the academy and one or two places, don't you?"

"I shall like to take you to some, my dear," I assured her. "I always enjoy myself when I do. But you know I am finishing my book just now."

"Oh, yes! I won't worry you, Cousin Frank. And—and—I could help you with it, couldn't I?" I almost groaned aloud. Amanda on "Cerebral Convolutions!"

"I'm afraid it's rather too dry for that."

"I might learn the typewriter and copy it," she pleaded, anxiously. A man is only a fool, after all, however much he studies and learns. Do you know I suddenly bent down and kissed her, and she blushed like a carnation.

"I won't let you blunt your finger tips with a typewriter," I said, gallantly. "But you shall copy some pieces for me—till you find some nice young man and your engagement ends." It was best to have a clear understanding, I thought.

"Ye—es," said she, thoughtfully; "but—oh, Cousin Frank—suppose I didn't find any one else?"

"Then I shall have to marry you myself. It would be better than old Plutus, wouldn't it?"

"Oh, yes. But I shouldn't like—I couldn't bear to think that you had sacrificed yourself to me. I should be such a bother, shouldn't I?"

I looked down affectionately on the rumpled hair and inquiring eyes. "I think—I think, Mandy," I said, gently, "I could put up with you very well. But we have been so used to look upon one another in a different light that it's rather late to change. You see, dear, I have grown into a fidgety old bachelor."

"You're not really old, and you're never fidgety with me, and I owe you so much."

I'd merely paid for her schooling and pocket money and so on. I promised old Tom—poor old Tom!—that I'd take care of his girl.

"That's nothing to do with it, Mandy," I said, slowly. "You see, I've a lot of interests which you could never share." She shook her head, doubtfully. "And I like to rush off, when I'm not working, to men's recreations—to play cricket, to watch football or——"

"I like watching football," she observed, eagerly.

"I'm used to having meals when I please and going out when I like and coming in when I like. Of course, I couldn't do that if I had a wife. It wouldn't be fair."

"It would be a little lonely for her," said Amanda, wistfully.

"So," I continued, resolutely, resisting an absurd impulse to kiss her again, "though I think you the nicest little woman in the world, dear"—she smiled just like the sun coming out—"it would be better for you to find some one younger and less crotchety." She tapped the ground rapidly with one little foot. "Meanwhile, we're engaged, you know, and we must live up to it. Where shall I take you tomorrow?"

"Oh, no! You must do a lot of your book tomorrow and give me some copying to do—about brains and spines and things."

"Nonsense, child! Don't I always take you out when I come to town. Shall we go to the academy?" She laughed her old childish laugh.

"And lunch at a restaurant?" she inquired, delightedly. "And go to the Crystal Palace afterwards and have tea in the gardens and see the variety show and dine on the terrace like we did last year?" She squeezed my arm in her old way. "Won't it be jolly?"

The next day I took her to the Zoo and smiled to see her laugh at the monkeys. The day after I took her to the exhibition and up the big wheel and put my arm round her because she was frightened, or pretended to be. I squeezed twice for good night. Then I began to see that it would be bad for the "Cerebral Convolutions" if this sort of thing went on. So I sent for Nephew Frank to come up to town at once. That light-hearted young gentleman held his sides with laughter when I explained the situation.

"So I'm to court your fiancee—she used to be a pretty little girl—and take her off your hands for an allowance of £500 a year?" he said, wiping his eyes; "£500 and £300 make £800—£400 apiece."

"Exactly!" I said, approvingly.

"You always were smart at figures, Frank."

"But, my dear uncle, suppose she won't have me? Besides, I'm not sure, but I think I'm just a little gone on Nellie Marchant? Suppose I don't care for your Amanda?"

"She's awfully nice, Frank; you couldn't help it." I was surprised at my doleful tone.

"Then," said he, "whyever don't you marry her yourself?"

"I lit a cigar and drummed on the fender with my slipper. "I'm too old—too settled in my bachelor ways, Frank," I said, regretfully. "I don't know—I'm not sure—if it would do."

"I believe it would be the best thing in the world for you." Frank leaned over the table earnestly. He's an honest, unselfish lad; that's why I'm so fond of him. And I know he'd be good to her.

"Well," I said, slowly, "I'll be honest with you, Frank. I'm fond of the child—very fond, indeed. If I thought that she could like me—in that way—I'm hanged if I wouldn't chance it. But she only looks upon me as an elder brother. Some day, she—" I paused to blow my handkerchief—"she would find out. It wouldn't do; I'm sure it wouldn't do."

So it was arranged that I should be busy finishing my book and see less of Amanda. And Frank was to see her every day, to find out if she would like him better than me or if he could like her better than Nellie Marchant.

This arrangement lasted for a fortnight, but none of us seemed quite ourselves. Mandy grew staid and silent. I couldn't do anything right with the book, and something seemed wrong with my liver. Even cheerful Frank grew a bit bad-tempered. At the end of the fortnight he burst in upon me in the evening, when I was busy with the "Cerebral Convolutions."

"Look here, uncle," said he, cooly, flinging himself into an armchair and taking one of my cigars, "you're an ass!"

"That," I observed, mildly, "is very strong language, Frank."

"Well," said he, "I like Nellie ever so much better than your Amanda—that's flat."

"Then," said I, bringing my hand down on the table with a thump, "you're a fool!"

"Amanda," said he, firmly, "is as dull as dishwater."

I took off my reading glasses and glared at him. "She's the brightest little creature in the world," I asserted, resolutely.

He took a long draw at the cigar and blew smoke rings—a thing I never could manage. "Amanda," he continued, in a matter-of-fact tone, "is dull—because she's in love."

I let my pipe drop on the floor with a crash. "With whom?" My voice sounded strange to me.

"Why, with you, of course. Man alive! You must be blind! You're pretending you don't care for her and breaking her poor little heart."

I looked at him in silence for a few seconds; then I got up and fetched my hat. "I'm going out," I told him, and I went.

When I arrived at their drawing room Amanda was sitting on the rug, with her back against the sofa. She had dropped her book on the floor and was looking into the fire with her cheek on her hand, and I could see tears in her eyes.

She jumped up to meet me with an eager little laugh. "What! Deserted the 'Convolutions?'"

"Hang the 'Convolutions,'" I said. "The fact is they're awfully uninteresting compared with you, Mandy."

"Are they? Then they must be stupid."

I put my arm round her waist and drew her close to me. "Mandy," I said, passionately, "my dear little girl, we've been playing at sweethearts long enough; shall we begin in earnest?"

Amanda said nothing—only laid her head down on my shoulder with a happy little sob.—J. A. Flynn, in The Madame.

### Two Strange Tales.

Two strange tales come from the antipodes. On November 19 the Catholic church at Minyip, Victoria, was partly blown over by a storm, and propped up by heavy timbers spiked to the ground. A few days later another storm arose and blew the church plumb on its foundation again. The ship Nelson arrived at Wellington, having struck on a rocky point, and had several holes in her bottom. Divers found one hole stopped up by a large piece of rock, and another hole calked by a fish that had been squeezed in tail first.

### Practical Part of It.

"A little quarrel now and then helps a love affair."

"Yes; the lover quits buying roses and gets a chance to catch up with his board bill."—Chicago Record.

### The Shades That Go.

In dress goods brown will, it is expected, be much worn. The shades range from bright tobacco to castor and the slightly grayish tea colors. There are also bright golden tints and those with a strong hint of pink. A brown cloth gown of light weight, with touches of yellow or pale rose at the throat and in the hat would be a safe purchase for those contemplating a southern trip. Cloth is coming more and more to the front. Black is also in immense favor, and black cloth skirts, it is predicted by those who know, take the place of the black satin and brocade skirts, with separate waists, of last season. Gray, blue and lilac, also a pale green, will reign as favorites.

### The Fashionable Petticoat.

The silk petticoat of this season is a multitude of silk frills, tucks, insertions, appliques, quilling, ruchings and cascades. It is as wonderful as a Florentine mosaic, and as bewilderingly pretty as the tints and the petals of a full blown rose. For street wear it should in color carry out some shade of trimming in the dress, and if it be in light tones, such as apple green, turquoise blue or rose pink, a lattice work applique of bebe black velvet ribbon is effective above a narrow flounce. This applique also prevents the dress skirt from rubbing the silk into holes. A silk petticoat should not be too long. A petticoat that touches the ground is not considered smart. It should, for walking, be quite three or four inches above the street. Lace trimmed petticoats, except in summer, are out of place out of doors.

For house wear many women prefer delicate lawn petticoats to silk ones. Chemise and petticoat in one are very pretty and much in demand by women of too ample outlines.

### Pleasures of a Princess.

The tuft hunting heiress may take a gloomy pleasure in hearing something about the Princess Clementine of Belgium, who, it is said, is engaged to her cousin, Prince Albert Leopold Clement Maria Meinrod, heir to the Belgium throne, who is touring in this country. The princess is 28 years old—five years older than the prince—and as she is the daughter of the king she has less fun and liberty than the poorest peasant girl. Her pleasures, works and studies are laid out for her and she is obliged to follow them like a school girl. She rises at 6.30 winter and summer, whether she likes it or not, At 7 she attends mass with the queen in the palace chapel. After breakfast she goes for a walk or a drive, always accompanied by a lady-in-waiting. While at home with the queen she does not even have the privilege of selecting her own hats and gowns or receiving her special friends. At the court balls she is not allowed to dance alone with one partner, joining in the quadrilles only. But when the poor princess has the good fortune to travel with the king she has perfect freedom and makes up for the petty tyrannies of home life. The king is exceedingly fond of his youngest daughter, and they take little journeys to Paris and Holland occasionally, like two very jolly comrades.—New York Commercial Advertiser.

### Stories of Seven Queens.

One day the queen of Servia, while playing at Biarritz, missed a valuable portion of her jewels. A few days later an advertisement appeared in the local papers to the effect that if the jewelry were returned to the queen she would present it to the poor of Biarritz.

Two days after she received her lost or stolen jewels by post, accompanied by a sheet of coarse paper, on which was scrawled in printed characters: "I shall be curious to see if a queen can keep her word." The queen did keep her word and presented the restored trinkets to the sisters of charity, who immediately organized a lottery, which was eagerly subscribed to by the visitors and residents of Biarritz, and the treasure was won by a poor little seamstress.

Queen Amelia of Portugal, who is conceded the most beautiful and the best dressed royal personage in all Europe, while driving in the environs of Lisbon recently, heard cries for assistance coming from a neighboring wood. She went to see what was the matter and found that a wood cutter had been injured by a branch of a falling tree. Queen Amelia, who has studied medicine, attended to the man's injury, and then, with her companion, assisted him to reach his cabin.

Later on the queen called to see how her patient was. "Then you are a doctor, madam, since you know how to take care of me?" asked the wood cutter, who did not know his benefactress. "Yes, my good man," was the reply. "I am sorry for that," continued the wood cutter, "because I will never be able to pay all I owe you. But you must give me your address, and as soon as I can go out I will bring you a basket of fresh eggs and butter by way of thanks." The queen replied evasively, and the surprise of the wood cutter may be imagined when he learned the rank of his lady physician.

The queen of the Belgians is credited with many unconventional experiences. It is said that while passing the summer at Spa she was given to taking long rides in a pony cart, accompanied by the Princess Clementine. On one of these excursions they stopped at a farmhouse to buy a glass of milk.

Nobody but an old paralyzed woman was in the house, and she replied that no milk was left in the jugs, and that she was unable to go to milk a cow. "Never mind," said the queen, "if you will allow me, I will go to the pasture. Just tell me where the jugs are." "But, my dear lady, you are from the town, and you will never be able to milk a cow," objected the old woman. She was, however, mistaken, for a little later her majesty returned with a half filled jug. Meantime Princess Clementine had laid on the table three bowls, a loaf and the needful knives and plates. The old farmer's wife was served by the princess, who, it appears, greatly enjoyed the adventure.

The queen of Italy is enthusiastically following the fad for the collection of old boots and shoes of celebrated persons. She possesses the shoes of Marie Antoinette, of Mary Stuart, the Empress Josephine, Queen Anne and the Empress Catherine of Russia. Lady Ermyntrude Malet, wife of the British ambassador at Berlin, has a beautiful collection. They are of all shapes and sizes, from the dainty satin ball shoes to boots made for long tramps through the snow.

The Empress Elizabeth of Austria is an accomplished horsewoman, and the sovereign of a court whose aristocratic prejudices are of the strongest kind. She delights in her fame as a pastry cook, and her daughter, the Archduchess Valerie, is proud of her accomplishments in the methods of ancient and modern cuisine.

The queen of Greece is at the head of an association of women whose object is the moral regeneration of criminals. They frequently visit the inmates of prisons in Athens, giving them religious instruction and a sympathetic attention to their woes.—Talk.

### Fashion Notes.

Chiffonne straw hats are already worn with new costumes.

The latest fad in hair dressing is to lower the pompadour directly in front and pull the tresses out very full and fluffy at the sides, where they cover the ears.

The latest cycling costumes show a preference for black and the dark shades of blue and green, rather than the light fawn and tan shades which have been so much worn.

Yale blue is one of the popular colors in wool gowns for children. They are made with a blouse waist and guimpe neck, or with a blouse front and Eton jacket decorated with braid.

Very stylish and elegant costumes are made of the new material called drap de Chine, braiding being a favored decoration on the drop skirt, overdress and tucked round waist or open jacket.

"Wilhelmina" yellow is a deep orange color that just now seems quite likely to become as much the fashion in portions of dress and millinery as the paler "Isabella" yellow became in days of yore.

Satin-faced wools in heather mixed colors of beautiful quality and generous width are very much used for skirt and jacket suits, tailor skirts to wear with various shirt waists, and for princess dresses and redingote costumes for traveling, shopping and the promenade.

Circular shaped cape collars and pelerines, with and without scarf ends, are worn just now in place of the fur or beaver cloaks and coats. These are satin lined and are made variously of heavy repped sicilienne, ladies' cloth, satin brocade, drap d'ete, armure royal, or of material matching the gown.

# NOTE FROM THE POWERS.

## The Six Great Nations Present a Joint Communication to the President.

## UNIQUE IN THE UNITED STATES.

**Ambassadors and Ministers Expressed Hopes For Peace—Sir Julian Pauncefote, the British Ambassador, Read the Portentous Note—The President Indicated That His Mind Was Made Up.**

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—The representatives of the six great Powers of Europe—Great Britain, France, Germany, Austria-Hungary, Russia and Italy—gave official form at noon, Thursday, to their recent conferences in the interest of a peaceful solution of the Cuban problem. Their procedure was unique in the United States. They called in a body at the White House, presented an address to President McKinley in the Blue Room, received his reply, and then proceeded to the State Department, where with solemn punctiliousness they were received by Assistant Secretary Day in the diplomatic room. They were accompanied by their secretaries. The ceremony was impressive.

The meeting had been arranged at the White House by Judge Day, and promptly at 12 o'clock the Ambassadors and diplomatic representatives began to arrive. Sir Julian Pauncefote, the British Ambassador, was the only one to drive to the White House, the others walking in the most democratic way from their legations. At noon there were assembled in the Blue Room, Sir Julian Pauncefote, the British Ambassador; Herr von Hollehen, the Ambassador from Germany; M. Jules Cambon, the French Ambassador; Baron Hengelmueller, Minister for Austria-Hungary; Count Vinci, Charge d'Affaires from Italy, and Mr. De Wollant, Charge d'Affaires of Russia.

Sir Julian Pauncefote, the British Ambassador, was the spokesman when the representatives of the Powers gathered for the official presentation of the note. Presenting the original note in French, Sir Julian Pauncefote said:

"Mr. President—We have been commissioned by the great Powers of Europe, whom we represent here to-day, to approach Your Excellency with a message of friendship and peace at the present critical juncture in the relations between the United States and Spain, and to convey to you the sentiments expressed in the collective note which I have the honor to place in your hands."

The note, presented by Sir Julian, reads as follows:

"The undersigned representatives of Germany, Austria-Hungary, France, Great Britain, Italy and Russia, duly authorized in that behalf, address in the name of their respective Governments a pressing appeal to the feelings of humanity and moderation of the President and of the American people, in their existing differences with Spain. They earnestly hope that further negotiations will lead to an agreement which, while securing the maintenance of peace, will afford all necessary guarantees for the re-establishment of order in Cuba.

"The Powers do not doubt that the humanitarian and purely disinterested character of this representation will be fully recognized and appreciated by the American Nation."

President McKinley replied as follows:

"The Government of the United States recognizes the good will which has prompted the friendly communication of the representatives of Germany, Austria-Hungary, France, Great Britain, Italy and Russia, as set forth in the address of your excellencies, and shares the hope therein expressed that the outcome of the situation in Cuba may be the maintenance of peace between the United States and Spain by affording the necessary guarantees for the re-establishment of order in the island, so terminating the chronic condition of disturbance there which so deeply injures the interests and menaces the tranquillity of the American nation by the character and consequences of the struggle thus kept up at our doors, besides shocking its sentiment of humanity.

"The Government of the United States appreciates the humanitarian and disinterested character of the communication now made on behalf of the Powers named, and for its part is confident that equal appreciation will be shown for its own earnest and unselfish endeavors to fulfil a duty to humanity by ending a situation the indefinite prolongation of which has become insufferable."

After the formal presentation by Sir Julian, the diplomats spent a few moments in informal conversation with the President, and at 12.15 took their departure. From the White House the diplomats went to the State Department. There they saw Secretary Sherman and Assistant Secretary Day. The President's answer was cabled to all the capitals of the six great Powers.

### Joint Note in Madrid.

MADRID, Spain (By Cable).—The Ambassadors of France, Germany, Russia and Italy waited together Thursday evening upon Senor Gullon, the Foreign Minister, and presented a joint note in the interest of peace. Senor Gullon, replying, declared that the members of the Spanish Cabinet were unanimous in considering that Spain had reached "the limit of international policy in the direction of conceding the demands and allowing the pretensions of the United States."

## NEW VESSELS RECHRISTENED.

**The Sovereign to Be the Scorpion and the Diogenes the Topeka.**

Several of the vessels recently purchased by the Navy Department have received new names more in accordance with their duties. The Algonquin, received by transfer from the revenue cutter service, is to be called the Accomac. The Mayflower, received by transfer from the lighthouse service, while co-operating with the navy will be the Suwanee.

The yacht Sovereign, acquired by purchase, is to be called the Scorpion. The Creole, acquired by purchase for use as a hospital ship, is to be called the Solace. The gunboat Diogenes, purchased in England, is to be called the Topeka, after the capital city of Kansas.

The small, unnamed torpedo boat purchased in England is to be called the Manly, in honor of Captain John Manly, a distinguished sailor of the days of the Revolution. In 1775 Captain Manly captured the Nancy, and subsequently, while in command of the Hancock, he captured the Fox. In 1779 he captured two British privateers. The coal transport Saturn, acquired by purchase, will retain her present name.

## EXODUS FROM CUBA.

**Americans and Wealthy Spaniards Fled From Havana to Key West.**

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—Interest n the Navy and State Departments Saturday centred in the situation of the American Consuls and citizens in Cuba. The movements of the two great fleets at Hampton Roads and at Key West lost their temporary significance for the time. The whereabouts and intentions of the Spanish fleet's torpedo boats or cruisers no longer seemed very important, and there was no marked concern about the fate of the vessels over which the American flag has recently been raised in England, and which were trying to get out of British jurisdiction.

All these things which have taken up so much thought and caused so much anxiety were dimmed in interest by the feeling that several hundred Americans in Cuba were in danger. The tribute paid to Spanish hospitality in Havana harbor has already proved too costly, and further sacrifice was sought to be avoided by every possible means.

Assistant Secretary Day announced that all the citizens of the United States now in Cuba who desired to leave would be out of that island before any definite action was taken by the President. He added that it could also be reiterated that Consul General Lee's movements would be as announced.

This statement's positive reiteration on the day preceding the day set showed there had been no delay in getting the Americans off and that nothing had developed to keep General Lee at Havana longer than Saturday.

The programme of General Lee's departure from Havana was as follows:

The Olivette entered Havana harbor on Saturday morning, and General Lee notified all Americans at once that this was their last chance to leave the island under the American flag.

All on board the steamer, including the United States Consuls from the various ports of Cuba, General Lee to pull down the American flag at the consulate, turn over the archives to the British Consul, Gollin, and go aboard the Fern, sailing at once for Key West.

Officials of the State Department, in discussing the withdrawal of the Consuls from Cuba at this time, say it presents many phases of interest. They point out that such withdrawal must be considered as an act of precaution based on humanitarian motives designed to protect them from any trouble.

Spaniards and Cubans of wealth fled from Havana with the Americans by thousands. The French liner carried nearly two hundred refugees, and the Yucatan, of the Ward Line, had as many more aboard when the Mascotte sailed. The Mascotte's passengers were all from the highest official and social circles of Havana. Purser Echemendia had jewels and money to the amount of $50,000 in his care.

The State Department ordered the United States Consul in Porto Rico to leave there.

United States Consul Hyatt and thirty other Americans from Santiago, Cuba, arrived at the Island of Jamaica on a steamer sent for them by Consul Dent. Great Britain has ordered 2000 troops to join the force regularly stationed at Kingston, Jamaica.

## DIVER DIES IN THE SEA.

**Defective Valve Closes and He Is Suffocated.**

A diver of the United States warship Newport died a horrible death at the bottom of the sea Friday. The victim was Oscar Johnson, chief gunner's mate on the vessel. He was sent down shortly before noon and was suffocated by a closed valve in his helmet before the men at the pumps realized his danger. Johnson was a resident of Brooklyn, N.Y., and thirty-one years of age.

While clearing decks for action the davits were put in the small boats, and during a heavy sea the small boat was capsized and the davits lost. The Newport was several miles from Key West, Fla., lying near the reef in deep water, and the weather was very rough when the divers were ordered to get the davits. They complained of the heavy sea and said the life lines could not be handled. Notwithstanding this Johnson was sent down to save the property.

Gunner's Mate (second class) G. G. Newman, who held the life lines, said Johnson reached the bottom of the sea and signalled, but he received no more signals nor could he tell if the diver had made them on account of the veering of the lines. Newman signalled the diver without response, and pulled him to the surface. He was found to be unconscious. Every effort was made by the surgeon and his shipmates to resuscitate him but without avail.

## THE AUXILIARY FLEET.

**They Are to Be Named the Yankee, Dixie, Prairie and Yosemite.**

The most interesting action of the Navy Department in the line of emergency preparations was the assignment of commanders to the four Morgan line steamships acquired by the Government and the selection of new names for them. Hereafter El Norte, El Sud, El Rio, and El Sol will be known as the Yankee, Dixie, Prairie and Yosemite. These unmistakably American nominatives were chosen by Secretary Long after hearing a number suggested. He wanted to name each ship in honor of a particular geographical selection, and had no difficulty in deciding on Yankee and Dixie for the North and the South. Prairie was chosen as a mark of honor to the middle West. Mr. Long wanted to give one ship a name suggestive of the far West and Pacific coast, and had under consideration the names Slope and Sierra. Slope was rejected, because it was not specific enough and Sierra was too Spanish to suit the occasion. Finally Yosemite was suggested and adopted.

## PHILIPPINE REBELS WINNING.

**Spanish Quarters Captured and Three Provinces in Open Revolt.**

War is raging in the Island of Luzon, of the Philippine group, and is rapidly assuming as serious proportions as the rebellion of 1836-7. Attacks were made upon the Spanish quarters at Subigandapalit, the rebels capturing and carrying off large quantities of ammunition.

All the northern provinces are affected. The natives refuse the taxes. Many of the rich natives and half-castes are closing their business places and are preparing to leave the island. The provinces of Zamabales, Tariac and Pangasinan are in open revolt.

### Balaclava Trumpet Sold.

The trumpet upon which Trumpet Major Joy, of the Seventeenth Lancers, sounded the order for the charge of the Light Brigade at Balaclava, with Joy's four medals, was sold at auction in London recently for $3750.

## CYCLING NOTES.

A cycle path is being built from Davenport to Clinton, Iowa.

One of the distinguished riders of a chainless safety in England is "Field-Marshal Lord Roberts, V. C."

Two thousand five hundred wheelmen have joined an association in Flint, Mich., to build a thirty-mile cycle path.

Cycling, in moderation, will not have a bad effect on a weak heart, but violent riding will often produce heart disease.

Anderson, of St. Louis, and Charlie Murphy desire to ride against a locomotive in an attempt to beat the record of a mile a minute.

The Chief of Police of Oswego, N. Y., has issued a general order to the patrolmen to arrest all riders who have not taken out a bicycle license.

There are about 650 cycle manufacturers in England, and it is computed that they are turning out no less than 2050 different brands of wheels.

If your foot slips on your pedals try a little powdered resin on the sole of the shoe. Better still, endeavor to improve your ankle action in pedalling.

It is proposed to build a cycle path ten feet wide in St. Louis, Mo., encircling the city. This will connect all the ridable roads in the Mound City.

Before riding your new mount do not fail to thoroughly overhaul it. Attention should always be paid to see if the handlebar clip is tight and the back adjustments screwed up taut.

Beware of "bargains" in bicycles. Often has an ignorant would-be cyclist purchased a worthless machine at a low figure without ascertaining its merits, chiefly because it "looked all right."

Cyclists in England complain that the rate charged by the railways for transportation of their wheels is exorbitant, sometimes exceeding the rider's own fare, while to this they have to add their tips to the baggageman.

A new machine is about to be erected throughout the country which will bring joy to the hearts of thousands of cyclists disgusted with the labor and trouble of pumping pneumatic tires, and which will help to fasten the "drop-a-penny-in-the-slot" habit.

An elevated cycle path, nine miles in length, is being constructed between Pasadena and Los Angeles, Cal. The riding surface, which is to be of wood, will be at a height of from eighteen to fifty feet from the ground. The path will be lighted by electricity, and a cyclists' pavilion will be erected half-way between the termini. The toll is to be five cents each way.

## THE LABOR WORLD.

England has 687,000 coal miners.

Colorado claims 45,000 unionists.

Boston cigar makers gave $250 to the striking textile workers.

Most workers in Switzerland are employed about eleven hours a day.

Washington (D. C.) Chinese labor union pays its walking delegate $2.50 a week.

Governor Voorhees, of New Jersey, has issued a new law to protect union labels.

Detroit (Mich.) barbers ask clergymen to aid them in keeping their shops closed on Sundays.

The Kentucky Legislature has made the first Monday in September (Labor Day) a legal holiday.

Proprietors of Baltimore (Md.) tailor shops were arrested for using oil stoves in overcrowded houses.

A ten-hour day for railroad employes will be secured by a bill before the Massachusetts Legislature.

Canadian Government Railway has discharged all colored porters employed between Halifax and Montreal.

Cleveland (Ohio) clothing cutters have warned the Police Board not to allow a non-union firm to make uniforms.

There are 75,000 railroad and telegraph workers in Illinois who can vote, and the Railway and Telegraph Employes' Political League has been organized.

The report of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen for the month of January shows the receipts to have been $45,196.50, and disbursements by claims $18,500, leaving a surplus of $26,696.50.

The Goodell Company, of Antrim, N. H., which makes cutlery, is said to have a profit-sharing system that enlists the enthusiasm of the best workmen and yet enables the concern to compete with energetic rivals in trade.

The Board of Police Commissioners of Toronto, Canada, has decided that hereafter livery hack drivers shall only work twelve hours a day, but they have the privilege of doing six hours' extra work, providing they are paid extra for it.

The several hundred granite cutters and quarrymen at the Hallowell Granite Works, who have been idle since March 1, owing to a disagreement with the manufacturers over the price list, have returned to work. A new contract which covers two years has been signed by the union and the company.

In Chicago all marble wainscoting of every description, tiling, treads, risers and all other marble work, whether polished, rubbed or otherwise, going into or for a building, will not be handled, set or laid in place unless having stamped on back a union label. To receive the right of a union label all marble dealers, contractors and manufacturers must not work any of their shop hands more than eight hours a day, nor commence before 8 o'clock a. m.

## PROMINENT PEOPLE.

The wife of Justice Brewer, of the United States Supreme Court, died a few nights ago in Washington.

The German Emperor is expected in Scotland next fall for deer stalking. The last time he was there was in 1878.

President McKinley will deliver the oration at the unveiling of the statue of Francis Scott Key at Frederick, Md., on August 9 next.

General Dabney H. Maury, a Virginian, who served through both the Mexican and Civil Wars, is now eighty years old and in feeble health.

In spite of his sixty-eight years Count Tolstoi is a man of great physical vigor. During the past winter he was frequently seen on skates.

Harvey J. Bee, known as "Jubilee Bee," who died not long ago in California, was the oldest living pioneer of the Pacific coast, and though he made several fortunes he died a poor man.

Queen Victoria is a member of the Anglican Church, but also attends the Presbyterian church at Crathie, when she is at her Balmoral home. She has taken communion at that church every autumn since 1873.

It has been finally settled that Emperor William's pilgrimage to Jerusalem will take place early next November. On his return journey His Majesty will visit Yildiz Kiosk, where the Sultan is already making preparations for his reception.

## THE MARKETS.

**Late Wholesale Prices of Country Produce Quoted in New York.**

MILK AND CREAM.

The average price paid for the surplus on the platforms has been 2¼c ₱ qt. net to shipper. Receipts of milk and cream at the different railroad distributing points in and near the city for the week have been as follows:

| | |
|---|---|
| Average daily receipts of the week. | |
| fluid milk, cans | 23,529 |
| Condensed milk, cans | 152 |
| Cream, cans | 446 |

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| **BUTTER.** | | | |
| Creamery—West. extras | $ — | @$ | 21½ |
| Firsts | 20½ | @ | 21 |
| Thirds to seconds | 17 | @ | 20 |
| State—Thirds to firsts | 17 | @ | 20½ |
| State Dairy tubs, extras | — | @ | 20 |
| Imitation Creamery | 14 | @ | 17 |
| Factory, fresh firsts | — | @ | 14½ |
| Low grades | 12 | @ | 13 |
| **CHEESE.** | | | |
| State—Full cream, new, large | — | @ | 8 |
| Small | 8¼ | @ | 8½ |
| Part skims, good to prime | 4½ | @ | 5 |
| Full skims | 2 | @ | 3 |
| **EGGS.** | | | |
| State and Penn—Fresh | 10 | @ | 10½ |
| Jersey—Fancy | 11 | @ | 11½ |
| Western—Choice | — | @ | 10½ |
| Southern—Choice | 9½ | @ | 9¾ |
| Duck eggs, ₱ doz | 13 | @ | 22 |
| Goose eggs, ₱ doz | — | @ | 65 |
| **BEANS AND PEAS.** | | | |
| Beans—Marrow, choice, 1897 | — | @ | 1 37½ |
| Medium, choice, 1897 | 1 05½ | @ | 1 07½ |
| Pea, choice, 1897 | — | @ | 1 05 |
| Red kidney, choice, 1897 | 1 67½ | @ | 1 70 |
| White kidney, choice, 1897 | 1 50 | @ | 1 55 |
| Yellow eye | — | @ | 1 25 |
| Lima, Cal., ₱ 60 lbs | — | @ | 1 50 |
| Green peas, bags | 70 | @ | 72½ |
| **FRUITS AND BERRIES—FRESH.** | | | |
| Apples, Ben Davis, ₱ bbl | 3 50 | @ | 4 00 |
| Greening, ₱ bbl | 2 50 | @ | 4 50 |
| Baldwin, ₱ bbl | 2 50 | @ | 3 00 |
| Cranberries, Cape Cod, ₱ bbl | 11 50 | @ | 13 00 |
| Jersey, ₱ crate | 3 00 | @ | 3 50 |
| Strawberries, Fla., ₱ qt | 12 | @ | 20 |
| **HOPS.** | | | |
| State—1897, choice, ₱ lb | 17 | @ | 17½ |
| 1896, prime | — | @ | 8 |
| Pacific Coast, 1897, choice | 17 | @ | 18 |
| Good to prime | 14½ | @ | 16 |
| Old odds | 2¼ | @ | 4½ |
| **LIVE POULTRY.** | | | |
| Fowls, ₱ lb | 10½ | @ | 12½ |
| Chickens, ₱ lb | — | @ | 11 |
| Roosters, ₱ lb | — | @ | 7 |
| Turkeys, ₱ lb | 10 | @ | 11 |
| Ducks, ₱ pair | 50 | @ | 75 |
| Geese, ₱ pair | 75 | @ | 1 50 |
| Pigeons, ₱ pair | 25 | @ | 30 |
| **DRESSED POULTRY.** | | | |
| Turkeys, ₱ lb | 9 | @ | 12 |
| Chickens, Phila | 18 | @ | 20 |
| Western, dry picked | — | @ | — |
| Fowls, State & Penn., ₱ lb | 10½ | @ | 11 |
| Western ducks | 5 | @ | 8 |
| Geese, Western, ₱ lb | 4 | @ | 7 |
| Squabs, ₱ doz | 1 50 | @ | 3 00 |
| **HAY AND STRAW.** | | | |
| Hay—Prime, ₱ 100 lb | 77½ | @ | 80 |
| Clover mixed | 35 | @ | 45 |
| Straw—Long rye | 30 | @ | 32½ |
| Short rye | — | @ | — |
| Oat | 25 | @ | 35 |
| **VEGETABLES.** | | | |
| Potatoes, State, ₱ bbl | 2 00 | @ | 2 50 |
| Western, ₱ bbl | 2 00 | @ | 2 50 |
| Sweet, ₱ bbl | 2 50 | @ | 4 50 |
| Cabbages, ₱ 100 | 2 00 | @ | 4 00 |
| Onions, white, ₱ bbl | 1 00 | @ | 3 00 |
| Red, ₱ bbl | 75 | @ | 2 00 |
| Peas, Fla., ₱ crate | 1 00 | @ | 3 00 |
| Egg plant, ₱ box | 3 00 | @ | 4 00 |
| Tomatoes, ₱ carrier | 1 00 | @ | 2 75 |
| String beans, ₱ crate | 1 00 | @ | 3 00 |
| Squash, ₱ bbl | 75 | @ | 1 00 |
| Hubbard | — | @ | — |
| Turnips, Russia, ₱ bbl | 60 | @ | 75 |
| Celery, ₱ doz | 10 | @ | 75 |
| Carrots, ₱ bbl | 1 00 | @ | 1 25 |
| Cauliflower, ₱ box | — | @ | — |
| Beets, ₱ bbl | 75 | @ | 1 00 |
| Lettuce, ₱ basket | 50 | @ | 1 50 |
| Spinach, ₱ bbl | 50 | @ | 75 |
| Kale, per bbl | 40 | @ | 60 |
| Brussels sprouts, ₱ qt | — | @ | — |
| Radishes, ₱ bbl | 1 00 | @ | 1 25 |
| **GRAIN, ETC.** | | | |
| Flour—Winter Patents | 4 85 | @ | 5 25 |
| Spring Patents | 5 10 | @ | 5 40 |
| Wheat—No. 2 N. Duluth | — | @ | 1 04¾ |
| No. 2 Red | — | @ | 1 04¼ |
| Corn—No. 2 | — | @ | 37 |
| Oats—No. 2 White | — | @ | 32½ |
| Track mixed | 31 | @ | 33 |
| Rye—Western | 58½ | @ | 58¾ |
| Barley—Feeding | 42½ | @ | 43 |
| Lard—City steam | 5.25c | @ | 5.30c |
| **LIVE STOCK.** | | | |
| Beeves, city dressed | 7 | @ | 8½ |
| Milch cows, com. to good | 28 75 | @ | 35 00 |
| Calves, city dressed | 7 | @ | 10 |
| Country dressed | 5 | @ | 8½ |
| Sheep, ₱ 100 lb | 4 00 | @ | 5 25 |
| Lambs, ₱ 100 lb | 5 10 | @ | 6 15 |
| Hogs—Live, ₱ 100 lb | 4 10 | @ | 4 30 |
| Country dressed | 3½ | @ | 6½ |

## SUPPLIES FOR THE NAVY.

**The Storing and Distribution of Stocks Under Preparations for War.**

The storage warehouses at all the navy yards are always well stocked, but the recent emergency orders have made large increases in the stocks on hand. Not only are the regular warehouses being filled and special ones being established, but all the ships have been stocked with food and other necessaries to their full capacity.

The Brooklyn Navy yard is the chief distributing point for the department, and over three hundred separate shipments, varying from a package by mail to a consignment of hundreds of tons, have been made from there in the last month. The mobilization of the big fleet at Key West necessitated many shipments, and all the larger vessels have now on board sufficient stores to last them for three or four months. The warehouses at Key West have received more supplies than they could store conveniently. The Texas sent in her requisitions and her stores were carted down to her mooring place immediately. Half the battleship's crew worked for two days getting the boxes, bags and barrels stowed away. The Dolphin's stores were supplied more rapidly than they could be passed on board, and still the storekeeper is ready for more requisitions.

The newly purchased ships are receiving new outfits throughout. A compartment for each of them has been set aside in one of the big storehouses, and all are being rapidly filled. Into them go curtains, floor coverings, bedding, desks, toilet sets, and general furniture for the officers' quarters; binnacles, charts, telescopes, navigation instruments and tables, megaphones, and other apparatus for the pilot houses; the tools and materials for the engineers' use; the cooks' entire outfit; spare rigging materials for the entire vessel, and a multitudinous array of miscellaneous odds and ends for which a use may arise at some time. Even special apparatus is handled by the same department; ten large searchlights have been received for the new boats, and the dynamos to operate them are being placed aboard such boats as do not already have one.

## WHY?

'Tis not because your eyes are blue
I love you so.
For they are big, and deep, and brown,
As well you know.

'Tis not because you are so fair
I can't forget
Your face, no matter where I go—
You are brunette.

'Tis not your graceful, sylphlike form
That with a thump
My heart sets beating. Not at all,
For you are plump.

'Tis not your tall, commanding form
That I admire.
Your head just reaches to my heart,
And comes no higher.

'Tis not, in short, because of charms
That others have.
'Tis just because you are yourself,
That I'm your slave!

## HUMOROUS.

Suitor—Your daughter, sir, is all the world to me. Father—Humph! Young man, you want the earth.

After a woman becomes a widow, she begins to say a great deal about her extreme youthfulness when she married.

"George, father has failed." "That's just like him. I told you all along, darling, that he was going to do all he could to keep us from marrying."

New-made Widow—Ah, no one can take John's place. I loved him from the bottom of my heart. Friend (brightly)—But you know what they say: "There is always room at the top."

Sunday School Teacher (illustrating the "still small voice")—What is it, dear children, that makes you feel so uncomfortable and unhappy after you have done something which you ought not to do? Dear Child—A lickin'.

Hotel Manager (to departing guest)—I trust you have been comfortable, sir; and that everything has been cooked to your liking? Guest—Yes, all but the bill. I should have preferred that boiled down a bit more.

"No, I didn't have a very good time," she said. "I wanted to talk, and there wasn't a man there." "But there were plenty of other girls." "Oh, of course, but that was no satisfaction—they all wanted to talk, too."

"Yes," said little George Washington; "I did chop the cherry tree down, father, but I can easily replace it." "How so, my son?" asked his father. "Why," said George with a snicker, "if I chopped it down I can chop it up."

Mrs. Berry (glancing across the table)—I'm afraid my little girl isn't enjoying her dinner. Rachel (who has left her pudding half eaten, with a sigh)—Yes, mamma, as much as I can; but, of course, if I was bigger, I'd enjoy more of it.

Former Resident—What did Prodigle do with the big fortune that was left to him? Ran through it in a year, I suppose? Friend—Oh, no. His wife prevented that. Former Resident—Good for her! Friend—Yes; she ran through it in six months.

Mrs. Newlywed—Before we were married you said that my slightest wish should be your law. Mr. Newlywed—Exactly, my love; but you have so many vigorous and well-developed wishes that I am as yet unable to decide as to which is the slightest.

"I want you to make me a Newmarket coat," she said to the dressmaker. "But it isn't the prevailing fashion to have lengthy wraps." "I don't care. I am invited to a whist party, and the gentleman who is my partner told me to be sure not to forget my long suit."

Mother—I wish you would go on an errand for me. Small Son—My leg aches. "I wanted you to go to old Mrs. Stickney's candy shop, and——" "Oh, that isn't far, I can walk there easy." "Very well. Go there, and just beside it you will see a grocer's shop. Go in and get me a bar of soap."

### A Chinese Cotton Mill.

The governor of Hupen, has started a cotton mill of 30,000 spindles and 1000 power looms opposite Hankow, on the Yangste-Kiang. The mill is fitted with electric lamps, and a modern system of automatic sprinklers, and employs 2000 persons, mostly children, in weaving cheap cottons. The coal comes from Japan, the cotton from Shanghai, and the yarn, which is finished with materials from Europe, finds a ready market, though loose and not durable, in the neighboring provinces. The pieces are 40 yards long by 1 in width, and sold at $3.75 per piece, give the manufacturer a profit of 40 per cent. The spun cotton is hydraulically compressed for home sale. The dying is plain, the machinery European; but only one foreigner is employed.—Boston Globe.

### Tunnel from Europe to Africa.

M. Berlier, the well-known engineer, has laid before the governments of Spain and Morocco a project for the constructien of a tunnel under the Straits of Gibraltar. The execution of this plan would have immense economic consequences, so that its fate will be followed with interest. M. Berlier is the inventor of a new method of subterranean boring.—New York Tribune.

# The Mapleton Item

I. N. SWOPE, - - Editor & Proprietor.

THE ITEM" WILL BE PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY AT THE FOLOWING RATES IN ADVANCE:

ONE YEAR,.....$1.00
SIX MONTHS,.....50
THREE MONTHS,.....25

*Entered at the Post Office at Mapleton Depot, Pa. as second-class matter.*


### TROUGH CREEK.

Our new neighbor, Sherman McClain, took advantage of the unfavorable weather for farming last week and put up his lime stack.

Sunday visitors in Colfax vicinity were Humphrey Chilcote, of Hare's Valley, 'Squire Pheasant, of Calvin, and G. W. Wright, of Mapleton, all of which attended preaching at Pine Grove.

Amon Greenland showed me some of his pictures last Saturday that he says he has been learning on, and I am glad to say that he is already able to do work that in some respects would be a credit to an old hand at the business.

Thus far I have not been able to find any one who remembers as mild a March as the one just past, nor who remembers as much cold in April as the present. Of the eleven mornings the ground has been frozen hard nine. But severe as the freezing has been the peaches don't seem to be injured.

It is always a pleasure to me to note the success of the deserving young. I was much pleased to see the complimentary notice by a patron of the Lone Star school of my young friend and neighbor Harper Swope. Harper is one of the Trough Creek boys who is bound to succeed, if he continues in the future as he has in the past.

Uncle Richard Chilcott, who is 75 years old, did some fine shooting last week. He was in the lower part of his barn and in gowing up the ladder by some means that he can't explain, his shot gun that he was carrying in his left hand was discharged, tearing off part of the flesh from the index finger of the left hand and farther up cutting a part of the comb off a setting hen.

Grant David has the wall completed fot his new house. N. Q. Wright has the foundation for his new house nearly completed. He came in contact with some very hard rock. Newton recently told me of a Blair county man who had been a life long democrat but had changed his politics and voted for McKinley, since that his ewes had two and three lambs a piece, his cows twin calves, his mares twin colts and his wife twin babies. We told him that that kind of prosperity would kill a democrat after living through republican extravagance, democratic bond rule and general mismanagement, and now Newt tells of one of his ewes having a whole dozen of lambs in four years and he hasn't changed his politics at all.

### MILL CREEK.

Samuel Goodman, of Altoona, spent Sunday at his home in this place.

Dr. E. H. Green, of Philadelphia, visited his parents during last week.

Mrs. Eliza Kelly is afflicted with sciatica and is unable to move about.

Miss Swope, from Trough Creek valley, expects to teach a term of summer school here.

Our public schools closed this week. Miss Hawn's on Monday, the 11th, and Mr. Landis' on Tuesday, the 12th.

W. Duffy Himes and L. Chalmers Simpson are attending Juniata college at Huntingdon. Miss Nora Hawn will start next week.

Mrs. Paul Land, of Seattle, Washington, is visiting friends and relatives in the eastern states, and is at present with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Corbin, of this place.

The Juniata sand works will start an extra force of men at making second class sand this week, and it looks as if work will be plenty in Mill Creek for a time at least.


—"I feel it my duty to give you a truthful statement of what Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy did," writes J. S. Collins, of Moore, S. C., "I had a child about two years old, that had the diarrhoea for two months. I tried all the best known remedies but none gave the least relief. When this remedy came to hand I gave it as directed and in two days the child was completely cured." Sold by J. G. Gillam.

Thousands of sufferers from grippe have been restored to health by One Minute Cough Cure. It quickly cures coughs, colds, bronchitis, pneumonia, grippe, asthma and all throat and lung diseases. A. B. Gillam and J. O. Heaton.


REGISTER'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given to all persons interested that the following named persons have settled their accounts in the Register's office at Huntingdon, and that the said accounts will be confirmed nisi May 4, 1898, and absolutely May 9, 1898.

1 Account of Jacob B. Grubb and David Grubb, administrators of the estate of Samuel Grubb, late of Penn township, deceased.
2 Account of L. W. Treece, trustee to sell real estate in partition of Frank Weaver, late of Hopewell township, deceased, with distribution annexed.
3 First and final account of S. M. Wagner, acting executor of the estate of A. G. Wagner, late of Brady township, deceased.
4 First and final account of James D. Steele, executor of the last will and testament of Eliza J. Steele, deceased.
5 The first and final account of John E. Bicket, trustee appointed to sell the real estate of John Mitchell, late of Jackson township, deceased, under proceedings in partition.
6 First and final account of John Brewster, administrator of the estate of Eliza A. Heffner, late of Walker township, deceased.
7 Account of S. D. Longenecker, acting executor of Mrs. Leah Ross, late of the borough of Petersburg, deceased.
8 First and final account of Alva McMath and George Schmittle, administrators of the estate of Samuel McMath, late of Tell township, deceased.
9 First and final account of Mary M. Todd, Administratrix of the estate of Robert Todd, late of Petersburg borough, deceased.
10 First and partial account of H. H. Ashman, administrator of the estate of R. Ashman, late of Three Springs borough, deceased.
11 Second and partial account of William Johnston, executor of the estate of W. B. Johnston, late of Franklin township, deceased.
12 Account of William A. Vaughn and Eli F. Vaughn, administrators of the estate of William Vaughn, late of Tell township, deceased.
13 First and final account of Robert McDivitt, guardian of James Howard Black and Frederick Wallace Black, as filed by N. G. McDivitt, administrator of Robert McDivitt, deceased.
14 Account of D. M. Miller, administrator of the estate of S. B. Patterson, late of Warriorsmark township, deceased.
15 First and final account of William Garner, executor of the last will and testament of Philip Garner, late of Lincoln township, deceased.
16 First and final account of William U. Geissinger, administrator of the estate of William J. Geissinger, late of Penn township, deceased.
17 Account of David Funk, administrator of the estate of Jacob Switzer, late of Warriorsmark township, deceased.
18 First and final account of J. W. Curfman, administrator of the estate of Joseph Park, late of Cass township, deceased.
19 First and final account of William Ellis, administrator of the estate of Wilhelmina Kennedy, late of Alexandria borough, deceased.
20 The first and final account of D. N. Orr, trustee appointed to sell the real estate of James Orr, late of Tell township, deceased, under proceedings in partition.

Register's office, April 5, 1898. } B. F. GODARD, Register.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons interested that the following inventories of the goods and chattels set apart to widows under the Act of the 14th day of April, 1851, have been filed in the office of the Clerk of the Orphans' Court of Huntingdon county, and will be confirmed ni si on May 4, 1898. If no exceptions be filed thereto the same will be confirmed absolutely September 7, 1898.

1 LAIRD—Inventory of the personal property of R. A. Laird, late of Porter township, deceased, as taken by his widow, Elizabeth Laird.
2 BAKER—Inventory of the personal property of Tobias Baker, late of Huntingdon borough, deceased, as taken by his widow, Rebecca L. Baker.
3 STAPLETON—Inventory of the personal property of Abner Stapleton, late of Cass township, deceased, as taken by his widow, Sarah Stapleton.
4 SWOPE—Inventory of the real and personal property of Henry S. Swope, late of Three Springs borough, deceased, as set apart to his widow, Priscilla Swope.
5 FRAZIER—Inventory of the personal property of John B. Frazier, late of Petersburg borough, deceased, as set apart to his widow.
6 SKIPPER—Inventory of the personal property of Abraham Skipper, late of Shirley township, deceased, as set apart to his widow.
7 NEFF—Inventory of the personal property of Gilbert Neff, late of Logan township, deceased, as taken by his widow, Clara Neff.
8 BROWNLEE—Inventory of the personal property of Thomas Brownlee, late of Three Springs borough, deceased, as taken by his widow, Mary J. Brownlee.
9 BARRICK—Inventory of the personal property of David Barrick, late of Petersburg borough, deceased, as taken by his widow, Eliza Jane Barrick.
10 JEFFRIES—Inventory of the personal property of G. W. Jeffries, late of Dublin township, deceased, as taken by his widow, Elizabeth Jeffries.
11 GUMBERT—Inventory of the personal property of Frederick Gumbert, late of Rockhill borough, deceased, as taken by his widow, Annie C. Gumbert.
12 THOMPSON—Inventory of real and personal property of Wm. W. Thompson, late of Huntingdon borough, deceased, as taken by his widow, Mary E. Thompson.
13 GOSHORN—Inventory of the personal property of William P. Goshorn, late of Tell township, deceased, as taken by his widow, Mary Goshorn.
14 WAKEFIELD—Inventory of the personal property of George P. Wakefield, late of Logan township, deceased, as taken by his widow, Frances Wakefield.

Office of Clerk O. C., April 5, 1898. } B. F. GODARD, Clerk Orphans' Court.


# A Complete Line of

**Dry Goods,**
**Notions,**
**Glassware,**
**Queensware,**
**Wood and Willow-ware,**
**Groceries,**
**Notions,**
**Flour and Feed,**
**Salt,**
**Boots and Shoes,**
**and everything usually found in a first-class GENERAL STORE can be found at the old stand of**

A. B. Gillam.

# Read. Read. Read.

In ancient times all roads led to Rome, now all roads lead to Three Springs, where I keep on hand the finest line of FARMING IMPLEMENTS, BUGGIES, WAGONS, and FERTILIZER ever offered for sale in Central Pennsylvania.

Note a few of my prices:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Binders | $110.00. | Spring Tooth Harrows | $10.50. |
| Mowers, | 39.00. | Farm Wagons, (capacity 4000 lbs.) | 50.00. |
| Hay Rakes (all steel), | 18.00. | One-Horse Wagons, (capacity 2000 lbs.) | 38.00. |
| Two-Horse Chilled Plows (two points), | 5.50. | Stick Wagons, | $28 to 35.00. |
| Cultivators | 2.25. | Spring Wagons | $40 to 80.00. |
| Double Shovel Plows | 2.00. | | |
| Single Sholel Plows | 1.75. | | |

Fertilizer $11.00 per ton and upward.

Everything sold under a positive guarantee to be first class.

Cattle, Sheep, Grain and Wood taken in exchange for goods the same as cash.

Call and examine my stock.

CLAY PARK,

THREE SPRINGS, - - - - PENN'A.

# A New Stock.

*Having returned from the Eastern Cities where I made large purchases of new goods suitable for this section, I am prepared to show those who favor me with their trade one of the cleanest and best assortments of General Merchandise ever brought to Mapleton. Come and see the new goods.*

JNO. G. GILLAM.

# THE FIRST SHOT OF THE SEASON.

THE GOLDEN EAGLE CLOTHING HALL'S

SPRING INAUGURAL STARTLER.

Clothing stores may come and clothing stores may go, but the Golden Eagle will continue its well established rule to guarantee economy by selling for less money, the same goods others offer, or better goods for the same money, as at the opening of every former season.

## Our Qualities are Highest, Our Prices Lowest,

and our stock the largest, most varied and complete. We will not be obliged to depend upon promises, our reputation for fair dealing being based on years of faithful performance. In the great sale now begun at the Golden Eagle you will find a practical demonstration of this truth. We boldly proclaim that the values are indisputably

## THE BEST EVER OFFERED IN HUNTINGDON.

**Boys' Long Pants Suits**
(Size 14 to 20.)
They are black, blue and fancy mixtures made to stand hard wear and tear. $3.50 to $5.00.
Other excellent grades for $6.50, $7.50, $9.00, $10.00 and $12.00.

**Children's Suits.**
Reefers and double breasted Sack styles in different materials, made to sell for more money, our price $1.25.

**Children's Novelties**
in Vestee, Eaton and other styles in all the new effects. $2.50 to $5.00.

**School Suits for Boys.**
(Size 6 to 16.)
Mixed Cassimers, double breasted styles $1.00 and $1.50.
The $2.50 suit is an astonisher, strictly all wool, double seat and double knees. Comes in Black, Blue, mixed and light colors.

**Men's Spring Suits.**
New spring goods in light and medium weight. Black or gray cheviots wonderfully low at $3.65.

**All Wool Plaid Cheviots**
and Cassimers. Also black and blue cheviots considered bargains at other stores at $7.00. Our price $5.00.

**All Wool Black Clay Worsted,**
splendidly lined and trimmed; sold elsewoere for $10.00. Our price $7.50.

**Men's Dress Suits**
made of imported materials, the most select and fashionable patterns, well lined and trimmed, the same quality for which other stores ask $15.00, at the Golden Eagle for $10.00 and $12.00.

**Other Grades**
of imported fabrics, superior beauty and perfect tailoring in serge, fancy shades and stripes from $13.50 to $18.00.

**Men's and Youth's Spring Overcoats**
in Covert cloth, light shades made in fashionable shapes and lengths, $10.00.

**Spring Hats,**
All of the new and popular shades and shapes in Stiff Hats, including the Knox, Young, Dunlap and all other popular styles, prices commence at $1.25 and up to $3.00.

**The Celebrated Guyer**
Hats for spring are also here in different shapes and shades, price $3.50.

**Neckwear**
In all the leading and popular shapes, styles and colors at 25 cents and 50 cents.

**Shirts**
For the spring with white collar and cuff bands and separate link cuffs at 50c, 75c, $1.00, $1.50 and $2.00.

**Collars**
In all the new shapes just received, price, 2 for 25 cents.

We are not ignorant of the assortment of goods carried in other stores. We are not disparaging their taste, skill or facilities, but after giving full credit for all these we must say the Golden Eagle Clothing Hall has the Greatest and Best collection of Clothing and Furnishing goods to be found in Huntingdon.

Hugo Mayer,

Cor. 4th & Penn Sts., Huntingdon, Pa.

# The Mapleton Item.

Mapleton Depot, Pa., April 13, 1898.


## LOCAL NOTES.

—WANTED—Old iron and metal. G. D. Wood.

—Mens over-shirts at J. L. Houck's, Cassville, Pa.

—Prints and muslins 4 cents at J. L. Houck's, Cassville, Pa.

—Wall paper 4 cents per bolt at J. L. Houck's Cassville, Pa.

—Wm. Seed & Son have an interesting ad. in this issue. Read it.

—4-ply pearl carpet chain 18½ cents at J. L. Houck's, Cassville, Pa.

—Economy is a good watchword. See G. S. Williams' new advertisement.

—Brooms 10 cents, and brushes from 5 to 25 cents at J. L. Houck's, Cassville, Pa.

—G. W. Yocum and family are spending a few days among Mapleton friends.

—A wild cat was killed by a passing train in the Narrows east of town a few mornings ago.

—Mrs. Sarah Saner and son Andrew, of Alexandria, are guests of W. H. Mounts' family.

—The officers of Mapleton Lodge No. 468, I. O. O. F., will be installed next Saturday evening.

—L. C. Corbin, of Juniata township, is circulating among friends and relatives in this vicinity.

—Miss Elsie Scott, of Ickesburg, has been the guest of Mapleton friends during the past ten days.

—FOR SALE—A six-foot extension table in good condition. Will be sold reasonable. Mrs. A. B. Gillam.

—J. O. Heaton, Cassville, Pa., recommends and sells all of Chamberlain's remedies advertised in the ITEM.

—Thompson Dell and family, of Broad Top City spent a few days of the past week among friends in this vicinity.

—Dr. M. G. Brumbaugh, of Huntingdon, is to be the orator of the banquet of the alumni of the Steelton high school, May 26th.

—Clay Park, implement dealer, of Three Springs, has some interesting information for ITEM readers. See advertisement.

—Wm. Reed, of the firm of Wm. Reed & Son, of Huntingdon, Pa., is now in Philadelphia and New York buying more Spring goods.

—Dr. Campbell has moved to Mt. Union but will be at his office in Mapleton, Monday, Wednesday and Friday of each week.

—One hundred Franklin county farmers have signed a contract to plant an acre of each with sugar beet seed for experimental purposes.

—J. L. Houck, one of Cassville's leading merchants, discourses profitably in this issue of the ITEM. The subject will be found in his new advertisement,

—Ephraim Horton, of Tod township, died last Wednsday night. He was aged 52 years, 5 months and 4 days. His wife, three sons and one sister survive him.

—Marysville is now illuminated by electricity. It is the first town in Perry connty to introduce the modern light. The plant and light gives entire satisfaction and the people are greatly pleased over it.

—Alvah Querry, of Cass township, and Miss Minnie B. Chilcoat, of Cromwell township, were married at Rockhill, March 17th, by B. F. Chilcoat, Esq. They have our best wishes for a happy and prosperous life.

—Charles, a little son of B. B. Shore, fell from some steps last Saturday evening and broke his right fore arm. The facture was reduced by Dr. Spangler and the lad is getting along nicely.

—All the latest styles and shades of ribbons, flowers and trimmings at Mrs. Wible's. Baby caps and children's hats of the newest designs. Sailor hats for 25 cents. Your patronage solicited.

—Mrs. A. Wible has moved her millinery store to the late residence of Dr. W. J. Campbell where all customers will be cordially welcomed. A lot of latest style city trimmed hats will be received this week.

—Freight jumping cost one Newport lad five dollars last week and another paid $5.91. The company has concluded to make an effort to break up the practice. The officials should have the encouragement of all good citizens.

—A new postoffice, to be known as Reibo, has been granted for Huntingdon county, with Henry Shipton as postmaster. The new office is situated in Logan township, some two miles north of Petersburg, at what is generally known as Rudy's tan yard.

—Two from the Orbisonia *Dispatch:* "The East Broad Top Railroad is putting an iron bridge across the Trough Creek above Rays Hill tunnel. * * * The E. B. T. R. R. shops at this place are at present engaged on a job of work for the Tuscarora Valley Railroad."

—The deed for the vacant chair factory building in Huntingdon was delivered to Harvey E. Funk, of Hummelstown, with the understanding that he begin at once to operate the same as a hosiery factory for at least five years and employ regularly from 50 to 75 persons.

—John Steele, of Huntingdon, was a half-hour visitor to Mapleton last night. John is a Union township boy who has made an honorable mark for himself. He will be a candidate for the Republican nomination for Sheriff at the primaries next month. He would make an efficient officer.

—While some of the boys at Ryde, Mifflin county, were doing some kicking on Wednesday evening, seeing who could kick the highest, Harvey Evans fell and broke a bone in his right wrist. He was sent to McVeytown, where a doctor reduced the fracture, and he returned home Thursday with his arm in a sling.

—Newton Brown, of Springfield township, and Miss Priscilla A. Dell, of Union township, were married in Hnntingdon last Thursday by Rev. C. M. Sandt. The same evening a reception was given them at the home of the bride's mother, at which many friends were present. The ITEM extends congratulations and best wishes.

—First quarterly meeting services will be held in the Mapleton M. E. church, May 14th and 15th. On the Saturday at 6 P. M. the quarterly conference will convene. At 7.30 P. M. preaching by the presiding elder. Sunday morning, Love Feast at 9 and preaching by the elder, with the Sacrament of the Lord's Supper, at 10.15. To these services all will be welcome.

—The Best Liniment.—"Chamberlain's Pain Balm is the finest on earth," write Edwards & Parker, of Plains, Ga. This is the verdict of all who use it. For rheumatism, lame back, sprains, swellings and the numerous slight ailments and accidendts common to every household, this liniment has no equal. With it in the house, a great deal of pain and suffering may be avoided. For sale by J. G. Gillam.

—Dr. W. J. Campbell last week moved his family to Mount Union. While located in this place he built up a good practice and was held in high repute as a practitioner. The best wishes of many friends go with him. Prior to the family's removal Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Gillam gave a dinner party in their honor. Among the invited guests were Dr. and Mrs. Campbell, Miss Mary Campbell, Professor and Mrs. Hosterman, Mr. and Mrs. G. D. Wood and Miss Ada Spangler, of Saltillo.

—The two-year-old son of W. L. Furgason, of Bolton, Miss., had whooping cough. "After several physicians had prescribed for him, without giving relief," writes Mr. Furgason, "I persuaded my wife to try a 25 cent bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. The first dose had the desired effect and in forty-eight hours he was entirely free from all cough. I consider your remedy the best in the market, especially for children and recommend it at all times." The 25 and 50 cent sizes for sale by J. G. Gillam.

—Charles Long, an employe of the Huntingdon Gas company, was severely burned about the neck and face on Thursday. Mr. Long had been engaged in cementing up some pipe in the Mattern office building in that town, and forgot to plug up an open pipe from which the gas escaped quite freely. On discovering gas escaping, he lighted the torch and started in search of the leakage, when an explosion took place, burning him about the neck and face. Mr. Long was carried home where medical aid was quickly rendered.

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The farmer, the mechanic and the bicycle rider are liable to unexpected cuts and bruises. DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve is the best thing to keep on hand. It heals quickly, and is a well known cure for piles. A. B. Gillam and J. O. Heaton.

### An Invasion.

The M. E. parsonage was invaded on Tuesday evening of last week and so quietly did the invaders gain an entrance that before the inmates could make any resistance the manse was taken. Rev. and Mrs. Treverton, after identifying the invading host, were by no means anxious to repulse them but were heartily glad to welcome such an army under their roof. An army composed of the friends and members of their congregation—an array which came, not hurling deadly darts against the besieged, but rather pouring into their ears sweet words of welcome, and into the parsonage larder, with liberal hands, such an array of substantials that it fairly groaned, which it will continue to do for many a day. Without delay some of the ladies passed refreshments which, with the accompaning pleasant conversation and hearty laughter, were enjoyed by all. The pastor and his wife desire to thank these dear friends and to assure them of their high appreciation of this mark of their esteem.

### Deeds Entered for Record.

Victoria Shanter et al. to Catharine Fisher, property in Huntingdon. Consideration $500.

W. Madison Swope to James F. Swope, property in Union township. Consideration $1.00.

Mrs. Anna Mary Walker to Mrs. Ella A. Roper, property in Alexandria. Consideration $275.

William Ellis, attorney for heirs of Wilhelmina Kennedy, to Mrs. Ella A. Roper, property in Alexandria. Consideration $700.

The Huntingdon Improvement Co. to John White, trustee, property in Huntingdon. Consideration $425.

John White, trustee, to Harvey E. Funk, property in Huntingdon. Consideration $1.00.

Dr. Lewis Royer et al. to Thomas Vaughn et al., property in Dublin township. Consideration $300.

Christian H. Kanagy and wife to William Huey, property in Brady township. Consideration $5500.

Samuel Widney, executor, to Asher M. Drake, property in Clay township. Consideration $1800.

Samuel Widney, executor, to Margaret Cohill, property in Saltillo. Consideration $625.

James G. D. Gilliland and wife to Samuel Gilliland, property in Rockhill. Consideration $1000.

Mary McM. Gwin et al. to Minerva Wall, property in Barree township. Consideration $2500.

Samuel M. Wagner and wife to C. S. Brown, property in Brady township. Consideration $2700.

Susan Shore to F. C. Chilcote, property in Clay township. Consideration $84.97.

Mary A. Scott to F. C. Chilcote, property in Clay township. Consideration $84.97.

Jesse Myers heirs to John Shaver, property in Mount Union. Consideration $1.00.

John Shaver and wife to William Harris et at., property in Mount Union. Consideration $250.

William Harris et al. to Elmer C. Fields, property in Mount Union. Consideration $700.

Robert H. Myers and wife to E. Clark Fields, property in Mount Union. Consideration $1.00.

George Dickinson and wife to John S. Etnier, property in Brady township. Consideration $400.

Roy Morrow to Elliott R. Wible et al., property in Springfield. Consideration $100.

J. E. Smucker, executor, to Flora Moore, property in Huntingdon. Consideration $90.

J. A. McClain and wife to John Geissinger, property in Clay township. Consideration $500.

David A. Criffith and wife to R. S. Martin, property in Tod township. Consideration $5000.

John P. Carroll and wife to James G. Focht, property in Huntingdon. Consideration $600.


GIRL WANTED—For housework at Huntingdon, Pa. Good wages for a competent girl. No washing or ironing. Address P. O. *Box* 52, Huntingdon, Pa.


### Political Announcements.

[All announcements must be paid for in advance.]

ASSOCIATE JUDGE—I hereby announce myself as a candidate for Associate Judge subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

JOHN BREWSTER.

Huntingdon, Feb. 15, 1898.

ASSOCIATE JUDGE.—I hereby announce myself as a candidate of Associate Judge subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

J. F. GRIFFITH.

Broad Top City, March 3, 1898.


**Bucklen's Arnica Salve.**

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cure Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded Price 25 cents per box. For sale by B. O'Connor & Sons.

**Skin Diseases.**

For the speedy and permanent cure of tetter, salt rheum and eczema, Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment is without an equal. It relieves the itching and smarting almost instantly and its continued use effects a permanent cure. It also cures itch, barber's itch, scald head, sore nipples, itching piles, chapped hands, chronic sore eyes and granulated lids.

**Dr. Cady's Condition Powders** for horses are the best tonic, blood purifier and vermifuge. Price, 25 cents. Sold by

**DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve**
Cures Piles, Scalds, Burns.

# ECONOMICAL SHOE BUYING.

Of course if you have lots of money you needn't ever think of economy. You could pay a dollar or two more than a shoe is worth and think nothing of it—because you have plenty of money. But if you are not rich and therefore practice economy, if you want to invest your money where you get full money's worth, I believe my shoes and my prices will appeal to you.

My Greenwood Shoes for men, price $3.50, is as good a shoe for the money as you'll find in the land. They are stylish, and elegant. Bull Dog toe and Coin toe, Circular Seam, Vici Kid, Box Calf, Willow Calf, Russia Calf, and Kangaroo. These are elegant Dress Shoes, and as good as most shoes sold 'round these parts for $4 and $5.

Plants' Fine Shoes for Women.

This is a celebrated maker. Fine, light Vici Kid, Tan and Black, High Cut and Low Cut, Leather Top and Vesting Top, prices $3.50, $3.00, $2.50. These shoes are elegant. You could not get better 'though you pay $5 for them. Send me a mail order. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.

G. S. WILLIAMS,

Next Door to Postoffice,

**HUNTINGDON, PA.**

# AN . . . HONEST FACT

Goes much farther than a false statement. It has always been our aim to follow an honest business policy. When you read a statement made by us in this or any other space you can depend upon it being the truth, and being so if we say so. If you think that years of exderience, with goods that sell on their merits, count for anything then it will be money in your purses to

SEE OUR

## Complete Line of Spring Clothing,

Which Is Now Ready For Your Inspection.

## O. L. STEWART,

Clothier and Furnisher, Huntingdon, Pa.

**6th and Washington Streets.**


ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—

[Estate of Mary J. Hunt, deceased.]

Letters of administration having been granted the undersigned on the estate of the above named decedent, notice is hereby given to all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate to make settlement immediately, and to those having claims against said estate to present them duly authenticated for settlement. GEO. E. TAYLOR,

Broad Top City, Pa., Administrator.
April 4, 1898.

NOTICE.—First and final account of Nicholas Rider, assignee for the benefit of the creditors of John S. Miller, (of Clay township) having been filed in the Court of Common Pleas, of Huntingdon county, on the 26th day of March, 1898, will be allowed by the said court on the 2nd day of May, 1898, unless cause be shown why said account should not be allowed.

Prothonotary's Office, Huntingdon, Pa. Mar. 26, '98. } SAM'L A. STEEL, Prothonotary.


**UNION NATIONAL BANK**
OF HUNTINGDON.
No. 113 Fourth St.

K. ALLEN LOVELL, President.
H. B. BRUMBAUGH, Vice President.
R. J. MATTERN, Cashier

DIRECTORS.

J. C. Hazlett, J. R. Flenner, R. J. Mattern, K. A. Lovell and H. B. Brumbaugh.

Regular Discount Day—WEDNESDAY.

Deposits received subject to check. Collections made in all parts of the world, and a regular banking business transacted. Accounts with corporations, firms, individuals, and the business public generally, opened on most favorable terms. 813z.

# Blood
Is Life
# Pure Blood
Is Health

Without blood circulating through your veins you could not live. Without pure blood you cannot be well. The healthy action of every organ depends upon the purity and richness of the blood by which it is nourished and sustained. If you have salt rheum, scrofula sores, pimples, boils or any kind of humor, your blood is not pure. If you take Hood's Sarsaparilla it will make your blood pure and promptly relieve all these troubles. In the spring the blood is loaded with impurities. Hence, all those unsightly eruptions, that languor and depression, and the danger of serious illness. Hood's Sarsaparilla is needed to purify, enrich and vitalize the blood and protect and fortify the system.

**Hood's Sarsaparilla**

Is America's Greatest Medicine. Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Get only Hood's.

**Hood's Pills** are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.


**Strangers Judged by Dress.**

Girard, the famous French painter, when very young, was the bearer of a letter of introduction to Lanjuinais, then of the council of Napoleon. The young painter was shabbily attired and his reception was extremely cold, but Lanjuinais discovered in him such striking proofs of talent, good sense and amiability, that, on Girard's rising to take leave, he rose, too, and accompanied his visitor to the antechamber. The change was so striking that Girard could not avoid an expression of surprise. "My young friend," said Lanjuinais, anticipating the inquiry, "we receive an unknown person according to his dress—we take leave of him according to his merit."—Anecdotes.

**The Mind as a Disease-Producer.**

We know that a congested liver produces gloom, perhaps leading to suicide; another kind of gloom is perhaps due to a congested spleen; a disorderly heart produces apprehension of coming danger; certain intestinal conditions produce fear; morbid conditions of other organs mar the sense of strength and manhood or womanliness. We know also a few converse truths: That gloom or despair may induce jaundice; that good news will make the heart beat vigorously; that cheerfulness will calm and regulate its beat; that fear and anxiety may paralyze digestion."—Dr. Herbert A. Coryn, in the National Review.


## AIDED BY MRS. PINKHAM.

Mrs. W. E. PAXTON, Youngtown, North Dakota, writes about her struggle to regain health after the birth of her little girl:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—It is with pleasure that I add my testimony to your list, hoping that it may induce others to avail themselves of your valuable medicine.

"After the birth of my little girl, three years ago, my health was very poor. I had leucorrhœa badly, and a terrible bearing-down pain which gradually grew worse, until I could do no work. Also had headache nearly all the time, and dizzy feelings. Menstruations were very profuse, appearing every two weeks.

"I took medicine from a good doctor, but it seemed to do no good. I was becoming alarmed over my condition, when I read your advertisement in a paper. I sent at once for a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and after taking two-thirds of the bottle I felt so much better that I send for two more. After using three bottles I felt as strong and well as any one.

"I think it is the best medicine for female weakness ever advertised, and recommend it to every lady I meet suffering from this trouble."

Maternity is a wonderful experience and many women approach it wholly unprepared. Childbirth under right conditions need not terrify women.

The advice of Mrs. Pinkham is freely offered to all expectant mothers, and her advice is beyond question the most valuable to be obtained. If Mrs. Paxton had written to Mrs. Pinkham before confinement she would have been saved much suffering. Mrs. Pinkham's address is Lynn, Mass.



Go to your grocer to-day and get a 15c. package of

# Grain-O

It takes the place of coffee at ¼ the cost.

Made from pure grains it is nourishing and healthful.

Insist that your grocer gives you GRAIN-O. Accept no imitation.


# SERMONS OF THE DAY.

## RELIGIOUS TOPICS DISCUSSED BY PROMINENT AMERICAN MINISTERS.

**The Rev. George H. Hepworth's Sunday Discourse in the New York Herald is Entitled "Heresy"—Dr. T. DeWitt Talmage Preaches on the Evil of Gambling**

TEXT: "My heart shall not reproach me so long as I live."—Job, xxvii., 6.

It is very important that your heart or conscience shall not accuse you. Your happiness does not depend on anybody else's conscience or heart, but on your own. God gave you a conscience, with the command that you should follow its behests, and when you get into the other world that conscience will be your judge. In other words, God will not judge you, but you will judge yourself.

It is your conscience that makes you an individual, which spiritually isolates you; and its approval is worth more than the approval of all the world beside. You cannot go far wrong if you always do what you think is right. You may ask advice, but you should decide for yourself what it is best to do, and then do it, whether people blame or praise. If every one were to follow this rule we should have a large difference of opinion among men, but above it a divine harmony of purpose. When the millennium comes we shall not all think alike, neither shall we allow any one to do our thinking for us, but we shall think for ourselves until thinking changes to conviction. Then we shall follow our convictions as we follow the flag of our country, and hold to them and be true to them, and so win the smile of God.

What you need most of all is to be your best, truest and noblest self. For that end you came into the world, and unless you accomplish that end your life will be essentially a failure and the requirements of the Almighty will stand neglected.

Men may call you heretical, but what men say of you is of no importance in comparison with what God will say. Your business is to be on His side, and to be sure in your heart that He is on your side. If, after that, people agree with you, you may well rejoice, but if they do not, that is their affair and not yours. Your duty is what you think your duty is after the enlightenment or illumination which always comes to him who is in accord with the Holy Spirit of the universe, and thus breathes the atmosphere of the spiritual life. To that duty you should never be false, for it is what makes you a living soul, what forges nobility of character, what opens the door of communication with the other world, what gives you a claim to the assistance of the angels and assures you of the helping hand of the Most High. Not he is religious, in any wide sense, who is merely the shadow of some one else's mind, but he who casts his own shadow, because he is a solid substance on which the sun shines.

This is a very queer world in one respect. We like to be sheep and follow a bellwether. Even in matters of dress we must needs be told what to wear, and whether it is comely or uncomely we wear it. In the matter of religion there is as much fashion as there is in dress. What the majority believe we try to believe, because it is so easy to go with the majority. If it does not commend itself to our judgment we secretly dissent, but openly approve. This introduces an element of hypocrisy into the Holy of Holies, demoralizes mind and heart, forces from us our self-respect, and deprives us of heavenly recognition and approval. Our vital energy is sapped, our manliness and womanliness are injured, unless we can say of an opinion, I made it myself, and it is therefore mine.

In this matter of belief, of religious belief, you are to search for the truth—God's truth, Christ's truth, eternal truth. You are to dive into the depths of your soul, and what you bring therefrom is to be the foundation on which to build your life and character. The world may say nay or it may say yea, it makes no difference; you are to be governed solely by God's yea and nay as the words are whispered in your ear by Him who reveals Himself to every man, during every day and hour of his life. You may not get at the whole truth—eternity must unfold itself before you can know that; but you will get at that much of truth as will serve your purpose, be it great or small.

Men may tell you to believe this or that—it is nothing. You may believe as others do, or you may not; but if you believe what God shall teach you when you and He are together in the sad and glad experiences which will fall to your lot, then your days will be radiant and you will be at peace.

The only real heresy is the heresy of an evil life. Honest belief is never heresy, but dishonest living is always heresy. To be false to a high ideal, to grovel when you ought to soar, to be entangled in the delusive ambitions of this world when you ought to keep your soul bright and clear and pure, to unmake yourself by immoralities when you should be building for eternity, to be mean when you should be great—these constitute a heresy which is abhorred in heaven. He who lives nobly is no heretic, whether his creed be long or short. He who lives on a low moral level is the true heretic, though his creed be a furlong in length.

I say, therefore, be yourself, and make yourself all you are capable of becoming. High living alone is orthodox, and high living is the result of pure feeling and lofty thinking. If your conscience tells you you are right you have nothing to fear, either here or hereafter.

GEORGE H. HEPWORTH.

## DR TALMAGE'S SERMON.

**The Downward Path of the Gamester Serves as a Subject.**

TEXT—"Aceldama, that is to say, the field of blood."—Acts i., 19.

The money that Judas gave for surrendering Christ was used to purchase a graveyard. As the money was blood money, the ground bought by it was called in the Syriac tongue, "Aceldama," meaning "the field of blood." Well, there is one word I want to write to-day over every race course where wagers are staked, and every pool room and every gambling saloon and every table, public or private, where men and women bet for sums of money, large or small, and that is a word incardined with the life of innumerable victims—Aceldama.

The gambling spirit, which is at all times a stupendous evil, ever and anon sweeps over the country like an epidemic, prostrating uncounted thousands. There has never been a worse attack than that from which all the villages and towns and cities are now suffering.

Some years ago, when an association for the suppression of gambling was organized, an agent of the association came to a prominent citizen and asked him to patronize the society. He said: "No; I can have no interest in such an organization. I am in no wise affected by the evil." At that very time his son, who was his partner in business, was one of the heaviest players in a famous gambling establishment. Another refused his patronage on the same ground, not knowing that his first bookkeeper was losing from $50 to $100 a night. Directly or indirectly this evil strikes at the whole world.

Gambling is the risking of something more or less valuable in the hope of winning more than you hazard. The instruments of gambling may differ, but the principle is the same. The shuffling and dealing of cards, however full of temptation, is not gambling unless stakes are put up; while, on the other hand, gambling may be carried on without cards, or dice, or billiards, or a tenpin alley. The man who bets on horses, or elections, on battles, the man who deals in "fancy" stocks, or conducts a business which hazards extra capital, or goes into transactions without foundation but dependent upon what men call "luck," is a gambler.

Whatever you expect to get from your neighbor without offering an equivalent in money, or time, or skill, is either the product of theft or gaming. Lottery tickets and lottery policies come into the same category. Bazars for the founding of hospitals, schools and churches, conducted on the raffling system, come under the same denomination. Do not, therefore, associate gambling necessarily with any instrument, or game, or time or place, or think the principle depends upon whether you pay for a glass of wine or one hundred shares of railroad stock. Whether you patronize "auction pools," "French mutuals," or "book-making," whether you employ faro or billiards, rondo and keno, cards or bagatelle, the very idea of the thing is dishonest; for it professes to bestow upon you a good for which you give no equivalent.

Men wishing to gamble will find places just suited to their capacity, not only in the underground oyster-cellar or at the table back of the curtain, covered with greasy cards, or in the steamboat smoking cabin, where the bloated wretch with rings in his ears deals out his pack, and winks in the unsuspecting traveler—providing free drinks all around—but in gilded parlors and amid gorgeous surroundings. This sin works ruin, first, by providing an unhealthy stimulant. Excitement is pleasurable. Under every sky and in every age men have sought it. We must at times have excitement. A thousand voices in our nature demand it. It is right; it is heathful; it is inspiring; it is a desire Godgiven.

A young man having suddenly inherited a large property, sits at the hazard tables, and takes up in a dice-box the estate won by a father's lifetime sweat, and shakes it and tosses it away. Intemperance soon stigmatizes its victim, kicking him out, a slavering fool, into the ditch, or sending him, with the drunkard's hiccough, staggering up the street, where his family lives. But gambling does not in that way expose its victims. The gambler may be eaten up by the gambler's passion, yet you only discover it by the greed in his eyes, the hardness of his features, the nervous restlessness, the threadbare coat, and his embarrassed business.

The infernal spell is on him; a giant is aroused within; and though you bind him with cables, they would part like thread, and though you fasten him seven times around with chains, they would snap like rusted wire; and though you piled up in his path heaven-high Bibles, tracts and sermons, and on the top should set the cross of the Son of God, over them all the gambler would leap like a roe over the rocks, on his way to perdition. "Aceldama, the field of blood!"

Notice, also, the effect of this crime upon domestic happiness. It has sent its ruthless ploughshares through hundreds of families, until the wife sat in rags and the sons grew up to the same infamous practices, or took a short cut to destruction across the murderer's scaffold. Home has lost all charms for the gambler. How tame are the children's caresses and a wife's devotion to the gambler! How drearily the fire burns on the domestic hearth! There must be louder laughter, and something to win and something to lose; an excitement to drive the heart faster, fillip the blood and fire the imagination. No home, however bright, can keep back the gamester. The sweet call of love bounds back from his iron soul, and all endearments are consumed in the fire of his passion. The family Bible will go after all other treasures are lost, and if his crown in heaven were put into his hands he would cry: "Here goes; one more game, my boys. On this one throw I stake my crown of heaven."

Shall I sketch the history of the gambler? Lured by bad company, he finds his way into a place where honest men ought never to go. He sits down to his first game, but only for pastime and the desire of being thought sociable. The players deal out the cards. They unconsciously play into satan's hands, who takes all the tricks and both the players' souls for trumps—he being a sharper at any game. A slight stake is put up, just to add interest to the play. Game after game is played. Larger stakes and still larger. They begin to move nervously on their chairs. Their brows lower, and eyes flash, until now they who win and they who lose, fired alike with passion, sit with set jaws, and compressed lips, and clenched fists, and eyes like fireballs that seem starting from their sockets, to see the final turn before it comes; if losing, pale with envy and tremulous with unuttered oaths cast back red-hot upon the heart—or winning—with hysteric laugh—"Ha! ha! I have it!"

A few years have passed, and he is only the wreck of a man. Seating himself at the game, ere he throws the first card, he stakes the last relic of his wife—the marriage ring which sealed the solemn vows between them. The game is lost, and, staggering back in exhaustion, he dreams. The bright hours of the past mock his agony, and in his dreams fiends with eyes of fire and tongues of flames circle about him with joined hands, to dance and sing their orgies with hellish chorus, chanting: "Hail, brother!" kissing his clammy forehead until their loathsome locks, flowing with serpents, crawled into his bosom, and sink their sharp fangs and suck up his life's blood, and, coiling around his head, pinch it with chills and shudders unutterable.

Take warning! You are no stronger than tens of thousands who have by this practice been overthrown. No young man in our cities can escape being tempted. Beware of the first beginnings! This road is a down grade and every instant increases the momentum. Launch not upon this treacherous set. Split hulks strew the beach. Everlasting storms howl up and down, tossing unwary craft into the Hell-gate. I speak of what I have seen with my own eyes. To a gambler's death-bed there comes no hope. He will probably die alone. His former associates come not nigh his dwelling. When the hour comes, his miserable soul will go out of a miserable life into a miserable eternity. As his poor remains pass the house where he was ruined, old companions may look out for a moment and say: "There goes the old carcass—dead at last;" but they will not get up from the table. Let him down now into his grave. Plant no tree to cast its shade there, for the long, deep, eternal gloom that settles there is shadow enough. Plant no "forget-me-nots" or eglantines around the spot, for flowers were not made to grow on such a blasted heath. Visit it not in the sunshine, for that would be mockery, but in the dismal night, when no stars were out, and the spirit of darkness comes down, horsed on the wind, then visit the grave of the gambler.

# THE SABBATH SCHOOL.

## INTERNATIONAL LESSON COMMENTS FOR APRIL 17.

**Lesson Text: "The Transfiguration," Matthew xvii., 1-9—Golden Text: Jonn i., 14—Commentary on the Lesson For the Day Written by Rev. Dr. D. M. Stearns.**

1. "And after six days Jesus taketh Peter, James and John, his brother, and oringeth them up into an high mountain apart." Luke says, "About an eight days after these sayings" (Luke ix., 28), doubtless including the day of the promise and the day of the event, while Matthew and Mark only mention the intervening days. Mark says, "He taketh and leadeth them." How very beautiful! Does not your heart say, "Lord, take me and lead me, and I'll go with Thee all the way?" Well, be sure that you mean it, and do not question His love if He leads you in the valley. These three were with Him when He raised the little girl and when He was in the garden. We cannot go with Him unless we are willing to go apart from the many who follow Him, and we will not enjoy His fellowship unless we have something of His Spirit of prayer, for Luke ix., 28, says that He went to pray. As we learn to live alone with Him and for Him, we will find ourselves increasingly given to communion with Him.

2. "And was transfigured before them, and His face did shine as the sun, and His raiment was white as the light." Mark says that His raiment became shining, exceeding white as snow. Luke says that the fashion of His countenance was altered and His raiment was white and glistering (Mark ix., 3; Luke ix., 29). It makes one think of Him as He afterward appeared to John on Patmos some sixty years after His ascension (Rev. i., 12-17). It is to me very interesting to observe that the word translated "transfigured" is used outside of this record in the gospels only in two other places—Rom. xii., 2, and II Cor. iii., 18. In the one the translation is "be transformed" and in the other "are changed," but in each case it refers to the believer and our being changed more and more into the image of Christ. In Romans it is shown to be a work from within, by the renewing of our minds, and in Corinthians it is said to be accomplished by beholding His glory in the glass or mirror of His word. It seems to me that the beginning and development and consummation of the Christian life has but one secret, and that is "beholding Him." When in that fair morning we shall indeed see Him, then we shall indeed be like Him.

3. "And behold, there appeared unto them Moses and Elias, talking with Him." We know that Moses died and was buried in the land of Moab (Deut. xxxiv., 5, 6), over 1400 years before this, and Elijah was taken to heaven in a whirlwind and probably in the chariot over 800 years before, the only man except Enoch who has as yet ever been excused from the appointment of death (Heb. ix., 27). Yet here they are alive and well and talking with Christ of His death, or decease, or exodus, which He was about to accomplish at Jerusalem (Luke ix., 31). Whether the believer dies or is translated, in either case it means instantly with the Lord in such a life and such bliss as we cannot imagine (Phil. i., 21, 23; iii., 20, 21), but all the blessedness and reality of that life are wholly due to the work which our Lord Jesus finished on Calvary.

4. "Then answered Peter, and said unto Jesus, Lord, it is good for us to be here. If Thou wilt, let us make here three tabernacles—one for Thee, and one for Moses, and one for Elias." I think we may conclude from Jude ix that Moses had his resurrection body. If so, then he represented the risen saints while Elijah represented those who will not die, but be translated at our Lord's coming, the two representing the whole heavenly company of the redeemed in the kingdom when it shall have come, while Peter, James and John, three righteous Jews, represent all Israel, a righteous nation on earth in the kingdom, and this revelation is what our Lord promised in chapter xvi., 28.

5. While he yet spake, behold, a bright cloud overshadowed them, and, behold, a voice out of the cloud, which said, This is My beloved Son, in whom I am well pleased. Hear ye Him." He is the true tabernacle and temple and pillar of cloud. He is the fulfillment of all that Moses was to Israel or wrote for them. He is the end of the law for righteousness to every one that believeth. He is the Prophet of all prophets, the Messenger of God as none other ever was or can be, and God said to Moses concerning Him, "Whosoever will not hearken unto My words, which He shall speak in My name, I will require it of him" (Deut. xviii., 18, 19). This is the second time that the Father testified from heaven as to His delight in His Son, but now He adds the command, "Hear ye Him." We are not to hear what men think or say about Him, but to hear Him, and that is to hear God Himself, for the Father told Him what to say (John xii., 49).

6, 7. "And when the disciples heard it they fell on their face and were sore afraid. And Jesus came and touched them and said, Arise and be not afraid." So He or His angel did to Daniel, and He Himself surely did to John on Patmos (Dan. viii., 18; x., 8, 18; Rev. i., 17). He gave His people no cause to fear. Why is it that we have so many fears? How we must grieve Him! He says that He will never remember our sins. It shows great lack of confidence in Him for us to fear or to think that He will. He says that we are blessed with all spiritual blessings in Him. It is surely dishonoring to Him for us to question it. He tells us that since He so loved us as to give Himself for us He can therefore withhold no good thing. Faith just believes it, and is happy because He says so.

8. "And when they had lifted up their eyes they saw no man save Jesus only." What a powerful life word this is, and what peace and victory to see Jesus only in redemption, and in sanctification, as we will see Jesus only as the center of all the glory of heaven! In redemption and daily life our temptation is to see feelings and experiences and people, but thus there is no rest. We must see that His finished work is all that God asks and that we need, and His word all the assurance that is necessary and learn to sing always "Behold, God is my salvation."

9. "And as they came down from the mountain Jesus charged them, saying, Tell the vision to no man until the Son of Man be risen again from the dead." Even if we may not fully understand, we may be sure that there was some very good reason for this charge (Ezek xiv., 23). It is not always for us to understand, but always to obey (Isa. i., 19). The other disciples at the foot of the mount with their difficulty is suggestive of many difficulties that shall not be solved till He shall come, but more faith might solve more. Meantime we must pay taxes cheerfully lest we give offense.—Lesson Helper.

**Astonishing Feat of Divers.**

Lake Huron divers have accomplished the feat of recovering a cargo of 600 tons of copper from a wreck submerged to a depth of 160 feet, where it has been for thirty-two years.


**Inflammatory Rheumatism.**

*From St. Lawrence Plaindealer, Canton, N. Y.*

To suffer for years with a prevailing painful ailment, which baffled skillful medical treatment, yet which was cured by a simple household remedy, is the lot which befell Mrs. George L. Rogers, of West Main Street, Canton, N. Y.

"Thirteen years ago," said Mrs. Rogers to a reporter, "I was attacked with inflammatory rheumatism and a complication of diseases. You can judge somewhat of what I endured, when you look at these hands. They were distorted, twisted and swollen. My foot, too, is so much out of shape that the big toe lays across the others, the end touching the little toe.

*Goes to Church.*

"Notwithstanding I am sixty-five years old, have a pleasant home and other comforts, life to me was far from enjoyable, for all other things pale into insignificance when you are without good health. I tried different doctors and many proprietary remedies, but was not benefited.

"Last March I tried Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People and before I had finished the first box I began to feel that they were doing me good. I continued using them and steadily grew better.

"I have used thirteen boxes of the pills and to-day feel better than for the past fifteen years. My appetite is good, I feel bright, cheerful and have a desire to live and enjoy society.

"I have been a member of the Methodist church for many years, but for six years was unable to attend. I am able now to attend the church services regularly and certainly appreciate that privilege. I consider Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People a wonderful medicine and am confident no other medicine could have effected the wonderful cure they have in my case." Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are composed of vegetable remedies that exert a powerful influence in purifying and enriching the blood thus curing many diseases.


It is claimed that there are over twelve hundred independent telephone exchanges in the United States.


**To Cure Constipation Forever.**
Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c. If C. C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money.


No person in Norway may spend more than nine pence at one visit to a public house.


**Why Suffer Like Job**

When St. Anthony's Ointment will heal all sores, new or old, or money refunded, 50 cents per box, all druggists or St. Anthony M'f'g Co., Chicago, Ill.


In all the capitals of Europe, save London, some theatres are kept up by the Government support.


**To Cure A Cold in One Day.**
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c.


Wooden shoes in France are produced to the extent of about 4,000,000 pairs yearly.


**Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets.**
Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. 10c, 25c. If C. C. C. fail, druggists refund money.


There are more than 2000 German waiters in the hotels and restaurants of London.


Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle.


Third-class railway fares in India are less than half a cent a mile.


Chew Star Tobacco—The Best.
Smoke Sledge Cigarettes.


About forty tons of letters pass daily through the general postoffice in London.


**No-To-Bac for Fifty Cents.**
Guaranteed tobacco habit cure, makes weak men strong, blood pure. 50c, $1. All druggists.


Holland is the only country in Europe that admits coffee free of duty.


Fits permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free DR. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.


**Art Works as War Spoils.**

Works of art, it has long been supposed, have ceased to be considered legitimate spoils of war. Many will be surprised and pained to know that the custom has been revived by the conquering Turks in Greece. So long ago as last summer an order was sent by the director of museums at Constantinople to the commander-in-chief of the Turkish army in Thessaly to transport to the capital all antiquities which he came across during the occupation. This has been done, and, what is more, the European powers in settling the treaty of peace appear to have ignored, if they did not actually assent to, the spoliation.

All that could be done was done by the French school at Athens, which obtained permission, at the advice of the French Consul at Volo, to photograph every piece and every inscription before the deportation.—Literary Digest.

**Japanese Children.**

"A joyous heart is always pure," say the Japanese, and they encourage and take part in the amusements of their little ones with a zest that shows their belief. The Japanese are naturally a gentle and childlike race, fond of gaiety, while brave and chivalrous in action and earnest in study. The boys and girls while at play romp, laugh and shout, and have a "royal good time," but travelers say they do not see among them quarrels nor angry words and gestures. Score this to the credit of our dark-eyed little cousins in the land of the "sun's source."

They have the advantage of being loosely and warmly dressed, and of being out a great deal in the open air. In their homes there is but little furniture to tumble over, and there are few useless ornaments which they are told "not to touch."—St. Nicholas.

**Beauty Is Blood Deep.**

Clean blood means a clean skin. No beauty without it. Cascarets, Candy Cathartic clean your blood and keep it clean, by stirring up the lazy liver and driving all impurities from the body. Begin to-day to banish pimples, boils, blotches, blackheads, and that sickly bilious complexion by taking Cascarets,—beauty for ten cents. All druggists, satisfaction guaranteed, 10c, 25c, 50c.


The estimate of the number of tramps in the United States varies between 40,000 and 60,000.


**Catarrh Cannot be Cured**

With local applications, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surface. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years, and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing catarrh. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Props., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, price, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.


The bottled beer of England requires nearly 70,000 tons of corks yearly.


**Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.**

To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or $1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.


Germany and Austria produce about two thirds of the world's crop of beet sugar.


SYRUP of FIGS

ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50 cent bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.



R R R RADWAY'S READY RELIEF

FOR INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL USE.

CURES AND PREVENTS

Colds, Coughs, Sore Throat, Influenza, Bronchitis, Pneumonia, Swelling of the Joints, Lumbago, Inflammations,

**Rheumatism, Neuralgia,**

Frostbites, Chilblains, Headache, Toothache, Asthma,

**DIFFICULT BREATHING.**

CURES THE WORST PAINS in from one to twenty minutes. NOT ONE HOUR after reading this advertisement need anyone SUFFER WITH PAIN.

**Radway's Ready Relief is a Sure Cure for Every Pain, Sprains, Bruises, Pains in the Back, Chest or Limbs. It was the First and is the Only PAIN REMEDY**

That instantly stops the most excruciating pains, allays inflammation, and cures Congestions, whether of the Lungs, Stomach, Bowels or other glands or organs, by one application.

A half to a teaspoonful in half a tumbler of water will in a few minutes cure Cramps, Spasms, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Sick Headache, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Colic, Flatulency and all internal pains.

There is not a remedial agent in the world that will cure fever and ague and all other malarious bilious and other fevers, aided by RADWAY'S PILLS, so quickly as RADWAY'S READY RELIEF.

**Fifty cents per bottle. Sold by Druggists.**

RADWAY & CO., 55 ELM ST., NEW YORK.



DYSPEPSIA

**"For six years I was a victim of dyspepsia** in its worst form. I could eat nothing but milk toast, and at times my stomach would not retain and digest even that. Last March I began taking CASCARETS and since then I have steadily improved, until I am as well as I ever was in my life."

DAVID H. MURPHY, Newark, O.

CANDY CATHARTIC Cascarets TRADE MARK REGISTERED REGULATE THE LIVER

Pleasant. Palatable. Potent. Taste Good. Do Good. Never Sicken, Weaken, or Gripe. 10c, 25c, 50c.

... CURE CONSTIPATION. ...

Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago, Montreal, New York. 311

NO-TO-BAC Sold and guaranteed by all druggists to CURE Tobacco Habit.


## MAY SUCCEED SALISBURY.

**The Duke of Devonshire Talked of as Next Premier of Great Britain.**

The Duke of Devonshire, who figures conspicuously in all the gossip about the alleged retirement of Lord Salisbury from the Prime Ministry of Great Britain, is one of the oldest statesmen and one of the shrewdest in England. He is the son of the late seventh Duke and a brother of Lord Frederick Charles Cavendish, late Chief Secretary for Ireland, who was assassinated in Phœnix Park, Dublin, on May 6, 1882. The Duke's full name is Spencer Compton Cavendish, and he has lately been talked of as the successor of Lord Salisbury should

THE DUKE OF DEVONSHIRE.

the latter retire. This announcement was made several weeks ago, and was then vehemently denied by the Duke. A restatement of the matter is again denied by the foreign office. The present Duke of Devonshire, when he was the Marquis of Hartington, won much political fame by his fierce opposition to home rule for Ireland. He declined to join Mr. Gladstone's home rule cabinet, and arrayed himself against the "grand old man," allying himself with Lord Salisbury and establishing himself as the leader of the Unionist Liberals. He likewise declined joining the Salisbury cabinet when Lord Randolph Churchill seceded, although warmly pressed by Salisbury to accept a portfolio. Devonshire succeeded to the title on the death of his father in 1892. Two years before that time he was married to the Duchess of Manchester, widow of the late Duke. His career in Parliament has been changeful and dramatic since he was first elected in 1857. He is now sixty-five years old.

## TENANT KILLS HIS LANDLORD.

**A National Bank President Shot at Lancaster, Penn.**

David B. Landis, President of the Conestoga National Bank, of Lancaster, Penn., was shot and killed by Ralph W. Wireback, a proprietary medicine manufacturer.

The tragedy resulted from the efforts of Landis to dispossess Wireback, who rented a house from the former last year with the privilege of renewing the lease if the house was not sold. Landis, however, sold the house before January 1, and notified Wireback, who declared that he had the privilege of re-renting, and positively refused to vacate. Proceedings were begun to dispossess him, but he had prepared himself by sending his family away and barricading the entrances.

Two constables attempted to eject him, but Wireback took refuge in the garret. He asked for a conference, and requested that the constables send for Landis. His request was complied with. Mr. Landis came over to the house, and, accompanied by the two constables, started upstairs to see Wireback. He had not ascended more than two or three steps of the garret stairs when Wireback shot him.

After the tragedy Wireback gave himself up, and was lodged in jail.

## FEW REPORTERS FOR WARSHIPS.

**Secretary Long Obliged to Restrict the Number to Three.**

The Navy Department received innumerable requests from newspapers throughout the country asking permission to send representatives aboard the ships of the flying squadron, under Commodore Schley, and the North Atlantic squadron, under Captain Sampson.

Secretary Long, with his usual courtesy, was disposed at first to accede to many of the requests, but finally determined that this would be impossible. This determination was reached as a result of a communication from Commodore Schley in answer to a letter from the Navy Department, which represented that there were not adequate accommodations aboard for any great number of men, in addition to the officers of the ship. Consequently the Secretary found it necessary to restrict the privilege of accompanying these squadrons to three reporters.

## CHRISTINA'S APPEAL.

**She Asked Queen Victoria to Use Her Influence For Peace.**

A private telegram from Cimiez says that Queen Regent Christina of Spain approached Queen Victoria with the object of securing the Queen's influence to stop war. The Queen Regent in her appeal recalled the fact that both the Queen and herself are without husbands, who might be their advisers in time of trouble, and added that she relies upon Queen Victoria's well-known love of peace.

It is thought that this appeal may induce Queen Victoria to interest herself in the interest of peace, for her Majesty remembers that the last document which the Prince Consort ever wrote was a memorandum written on her behalf at the crisis of the dispute over the Trent affair, which there is no reason to believe averted war between Great Britain and the United States.

**Slump in Klondike Travel.**

There has been a great slump in the Alaska travel in the last two weeks, occasioned largely by the war scare, which kept at home or delayed many men who expected to start for the Klondike in March or April. The steamship Cleveland has been pulled off the Alaska route for the present, and the companies are preparing to tie up other steamers unless travel improves within ten days. The steamship Australia, with a capacity for 800 passengers, went out recently with only 120.

## THE NEWS EPITOMIZED.

**Washington Items.**

The House passed the bill to pay $330,000 to the heirs of Mr. John Roach, on account of his ship contracts with the Government.

The Currency Reform bill prepared by the House Committee on Banking and Currency was introduced in the House and referred.

**Domestic.**

Mrs. George Carr and her two small children were burned to death at Bays, Ohio. The Carr house was discovered to be on fire, and Mrs. Carr rushed in to rescue her two sleeping children. Before she could do so, however, the building was enveloped in flames, and all three perished.

A work train on the Naugatuck Division of the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad broke through the side of a covered bridge at Thomaston, Conn. Three Italian workmen were instantly killed and two more were fatally injured.

Frederick Milne, one of the indicted members of the Brooklyn City Works ring, was sentenced by Judge Hurd to six months' imprisonment and to pay a fine of $500.

Henry S. Little, of Trenton, well known in New Jersey politics, having been for twenty-five years a Democratic leader, has given to Princeton University $100,000 to erect a new dormitory similar to the Blair dormitory, just about completed on the university grounds.

Joseph Leiter, the Chicago grain speculator, shows no disposition to give up his control of the wheat market. He is generally believed to have made a profit of $2,000,000 so far, and before the transactions are closed that figure will be considerably increased.

Margaret Mather, the actress, died suddenly in Charleston, W. Va,

Rain fell, a few days ago, in the farming districts of northern California. This will greatly improve the outlook for the grain crop.

Benjamin Hill was hanged in San Quentin Prison, Cal., for the murder of his wife. Hill made a confession and expressed penitence.

The Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse lowered her own record from Southampton to New York by two hours and thirty-five minutes, making the passage in five days and twenty hours, at an average hourly speed of 22.29 knots.

Demand for the expulsion of Spain from Cuba was made in an address adopted by the New York Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church.

Herbert G. Nichols, who stole $150,000 from Browning, King & Co., of Chicago, was captured in New York City after he had baffled pursuit for five years and five months.

The Prison Commission has recommended to Governor Atkinson, of Georgia, the commutation to life imprisonment of the death sentence of Mrs. Elizabeth Nobles. She was convicted, with Gus Fambles, a farm hand, of having killed her husband with an ax June 21, 1895.

Election returns from half the precincts indicated that David S. Rose, the Silver Democrat, carried Milwaukee, Wis., by about six thousand majority.

A receiver was appointed for the Lincoln Fire Insurance Company, of New York, in proceedings for its dissolution because of insolvency.

It was announced that the Ohio Senate Investigating Committee investigating the charges of bribery against Mark Hanna and two of his agents in connection with the former's election as Senator, had found them true.

Fire at Vicksburg, Miss., destroyed the Piazza Opera House, Pitt's drug store, and the Piazza Harness Factory and Buggy Warehouse. The loss will approximate $125,000, only partially covered by insurance.

The number of victims of the flood at Shawneetown, Ill., is not believed to exceed thirty. The survivors are in destitute circumstances.

Robert Hearst, of Grindstone Island, N. Y., and his nephew, James Byers, of Cape Vincent, were drowned in the St. Lawrence River in sight of Hearst's home. Returning in a sailing skiff from Gananoque to Grindstone Island they were struck by a blinding snow squall which swamped their boat.

Oberlin College, one of Ohio's largest, oldest and most famous institutions, may have to close its doors. It is in financial straits and has no President. An appeal has been sent out to the alumni for financial aid. One hundred thousand dollars is needed to place the college on a sound basis. Owing to the fact that the institution has been without a President so long the loss of its charter is threatened.

At Benwood, W. Va., a boiler explosion occurred at the Wheeling Iron and Steel Company's works. The battery of four boilers was wrecked and David Geary, a fireman, was killed by a falling wall. Owen Taffe, another fireman, was hurt so badly that he died that night. Nine other men were scalded and bruised.

John W. Wenderdorf and his three children, sister-in-law and brother were drowned in the St. Francis River, near St. Francis, Ark. The party were boating on the river when a squall suddenly blew up, capsizing the boat and drowning every member of the party.

John Richards, aged nineteen, of New Hamburg, Penn., was shot and instantly killed by James Beck, his employer. Beck is now in jail. He claims he shot Richards in self-defense.

The late snowstorm extended over the greater part of New York, including Long Island and New Jersey. The farmers say that the fruit buds and early crops have suffered badly.

Rice Munn Reynolds, a well-known citizen of Monson, Mass., committed suicide by shooting. No cause is assigned. He has always taken an important part in town affairs, was a member of the Board of Selectmen for three years and Chairman of the Board two years, and represented his district in the Legislature in 1876 and 1877. He leaves a family.

The jury in the case of Samuel Henderson, a fifteen-year-old lad, who was charged with the murder of Percy Lockyer, a five-year-old child, at Philadelphia, brought in a verdict of murder in the second degree.

Recent army orders sending the Twenty-fifth Infantry to the Department of the Gulf will result in the discontinuance of the post at Fort Missoula, Montana, and the portable property there will be distributed to other posts in the Department.

About $2,000,000 in gold is on the way from Sydney, New South Wales, to San Francisco, making $18,000,000 received as the balance of regular trade since last fall.

The Rev. Dr. Charles A. Briggs, of Union Theological Seminary, New York City, is to be ordained as a Deacon in the Protestant Episcopal Church.

The General Committee on Charter Day Celebration in Greater New York decided to postpone the celebration indefinitely owing to the Spanish trouble.


Piso's Cure for Consumption is an A No. 1 Asthma medicine.—W. R. WILLIAMS, Antioch, Ills., April 11, 1894.

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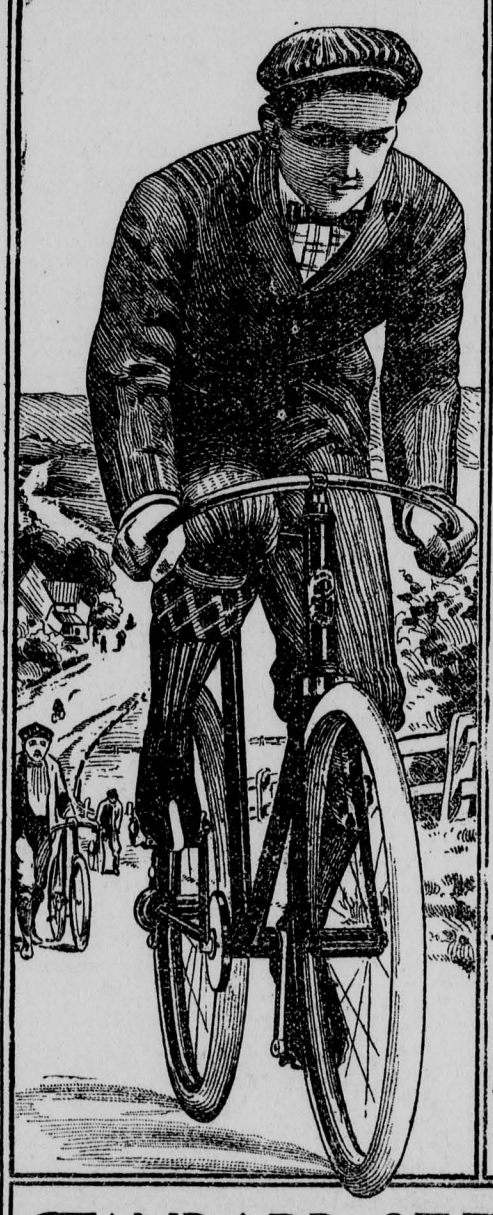

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SAPOLIO

# FRENCH SUSPICION.

## IT HAS PLAYED AN IMPORTANT PART IN THE COUNTRY'S HISTORY.

**In France the Element of Suspicion Has Reached the Preternatural and Is No New Thing—How It Influenced the Actions of Robespierre.**

At all the great crises of French life the element of preternatural suspicion has played an important part. Like some mischievous Puck it hovers over the land, whispering doubts here, misgivings there, converting the whole nation into mouchards, whose business it is to set a watch on their neighbors day and night. We have such a profound admiration for many qualities of the French people, such a sincere belief in the necessity of a powerful French factor in the complex mesh of modern civilization, that we can afford to bring this charge of undue suspicion against France as a whole. No student of French history can fail to see the confusion it has wrought. It is not the growth of yesterday, but it is almost as evident in the memoirs of the France of the seventeenth century as on the Paris boulevards at the present moment.

It pervaded the court and the official classes in the time of Richelieu, it was constantly present in the mind of Mazarin when negotiating with Cromwell, and it is visible all through the pages of the memoirs of De Retz. This spirit of preternatural suspicion naturally attained its climax in the French revolution, when, for the first time, the monarchy was involved in its infinite entanglements.

From the moment when the national assembly met at Versailles to the day when Napoleon was banished to Elba universal suspicion filled the air and dictated the cruel aspect of French policy. The queen was, of course, suspected, and justly, in political matters, and perhaps it was not altogether unreasonable that the suspicion in which she was enveloped should have attached to her weak but perfectly honest husband, who was assumed to be absolutely under her fatal influence.

The attack on the Bastille was animated not merely by memories of the past, not in the least because of actual cruelties at the time, for there was none, but mainly because it was suspected that the Bastille was to be utilized as an armed fortress to overawe Paris. The day of the "black cockades" and the march of the Maenads (to use Carlyle's graphic phraseology) were due to excited suspicion. The assembly had scarcely organized itself before the demon of suspicion spread its dusky wings over that body, and Mirabeau and Barnave, at first popular idols, became suspected of intrigue with the court. The vigorous personalities who came to the front all suspected one another. To them the famous warning which Benjamin Franklin addressed to the founders of the American republic, "Gentlemen, we must hang together or we shall hang separately," would have been useless. They could not hang together, and they did hang, or were guillotined, separately. It was Danton's suspicion of an aristocratic plot which caused the September massacres. It was pure suspicion that created the most revolting and unjust of all the revolutionary excesses, the tribunal of Fouquier-Tinville. Danton in his turn was suspected and fell.

We may, of course, justify the suspicion of Dumouriez, but what possible explanation can be given of the suspicion of the harmless astronomer Bailly, with his precisian virtues, who paid with his head for the dangerous folly of meddling with things he did not understand? It was obviously a question of war to the knife between Jacobin and Girondin, for each took an absolutely different view of both foreign and internal politics; but why could not the struggle have been confined to party warfare within the walls of the convention? Why was it necessary to decimate the Girondin chiefs? The only answer that can be made is that suspicion had grown to such a pitch that the very existence of Girondism was considered incompatible with the security of the republic. Men had become frenzied, insane, through constant spying on one another's actions and perpetual attempts to fathom one another's inward thoughts, and the "law of suspects" was simply a formal expression of national craziness. That way madness lies. In the person of Robespierre preternatural suspicion attained its most complete incarnation. His feline nature was ever on the dart for its prey. He could not hear a good word said of any man but he instantly began to revolve in his mind the question as to whether there were not some concealed motive in the praise. The shout of triumphant relief which reverberated over France when Robespierre's head fell into the basket marked the break of the straining point of that suspicion which had created and sustained the terror. When we remember that but for an accident Carnot would have fallen a victim to Robespierre's suspicions and that this suspicious disposition had led a man of sentimental virtue to become a wholesale murderer, we can understand that feeling of relief.—London Spectator.

**DeWitt's Little Early Risers,**
**The famous little pills.**

**One Minute Cough Cure, cures.**
**That is what it was made for.**

NOTICE OF GENERAL APPEAL.—The County Commissioners, acting as a board of Revision, have increased the assessed valuation of all taxable property in Huntingdon County for the year 1898.

Notice of such increased valuation is hereby given to all property owners, and the following days are fixed for an appeal at the Court House between the hours of 8 o'clock a m and 6 o'clock p m, when and where any and all taxables may attend if they think proper.

The valuation, revised as aforesaid, for 1898 is 50 per cent. higher than the valuation for 1897. The multiplier has been reduced from 12 mills in 1897 to 8 mills in 1898.

Appeals for the respective districts are as follows:

April 14, Dublin township
" " Mapleton borough
" " Clay township
" " Hopewell township
" " Walker township
" " Shirleysburg borough
" " Marklesburg borough
April 15, Jackson township
" " Cromwell "
" " Oneida "
" " Dudley borough
" " Coalmont "
" " Mt Union "
" " Shade Gap "
April 16, Springfield township
" " Carbon "
" " Saltillo borough
" " Miller township
" " Penn "
" " Henderson twp
" " Orbisonia borough
April 18, Warriorsmark township
" " Lincoln "
" " Tell "
" " Brady "
" " Juniata "
" " Spruce Creek "
" " Three Springs borough
April 19, Porter township
" " Union "
" " Shirley "
" " Logan "
" " Todd "
" " Morris "
" " Barree "
April 20, Franklin township
" " Cass "
" " Rockhill borough
" " West township
" " Smithfield "
" " Cassville borough
" " Alexandria borough
April 21, Huntingdon 1st Ward
" " " 3d "
" " Broad Top City
April 22, Huntingdon 2nd Ward
" " " 4th "

A. S. WELCH,
ANDREW SHULDT,
PETER KEAN,
Co. Commissioners.

Huntingdon, Pa.,
April 4, 1898.

## The Average Life

Of different materials for roofs are as follows:

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|---|---|
| Good Slate, | 90 years. |
| Good Tin, | 25 years. |
| Good Shingles, | 15 years. |
| Good Corrugated Iron, | 10 years. |

Besides the long life of slate as a roofing material it has many other superior qualities. It is non absorbent of moisture. Snow will not adhere to slate roofing but will melt and run off. It is impervious to the action of rain, is unaffected by flying sparks. Moss will not grow on it, neither will it rust.

Slate is the material par-excellence for a roof. Let me talk to you about your roofing. Large stock of the best slate on hand.

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(Next door First National Bank,)
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of comparison on any goods we offer, in quality and prices.

**Prosperity is a Good Thing**

But nobody is anxious to pay more for it than is necessary.

Come and examine goods and be convinced that we are selling DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE, WALL PAPER, PAINT and everything usually found in Up-to-Date store at living prices.

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New PRINTS, MUSLIN, GINGHAM, SHIRTING, TABLE LINEN LACES, EMBROIDERY, RIBBONS, &c, &c.

A lot of extra fine ginghams made to sell at 15c per yard, while stock lasts we offer them to you for 10c per yard.

**Special Bargains**

In Corsets. 50c reduced to 35c; 75c to 50c; $1.00 to 75c. The Jackson Corset Waists, worth $1.25, for $1.00. Also lot of Misses' Corset Waists, 30c reduced to 15c. Boys' waists 50c reduced to 25c.

Ladies' Shirt Waists, to close, reduced from 50c to 35c, 75c to 50c, $1.00 to 75c. Don't miss this sale.

Large lot of Glassware 10c reduced to 5c, 15c to 10c, 20c and 25c to 15c.

Prices of Queensware have advanced under the new tariff law. While our present stock lasts we will sell at old prices.

Floor and table oil cloths are very low and advancing. We offer you some very low prices.

Largest stock of Wall Paper ever brought to town, at 5c a bolt and upward.

Also a large line of window shades from 12½c to 50c each, all on spring rollers.

Lamps, latest styles and good value.

Big bargains in Men's and Boys' dress and work pants and children's suits. A large stock to select from.

On our tables you will find bargains in Men's, Ladies', Misses' and Children's shoes. One or two pairs of a kind. They must go to make room for new stock. If you find your size you will save money.

We have bargains in all lines—dry goods, clothing, boots and shoes, queensware, glassware, tinware, hardware, wood and willow ware, drugs, notions, groceries, etc., etc.

Agents for Syracuse plows, and Raymond & Campbell Stove Co. If you want a stove call and learn prices.

B. O'Connor & Sons.

## Very Pretty Spring Dress Stuffs

Are here for your inspection—cotton or wool.

**A Very Complete Lot of Pretty Woolens,**

In Black and Colors, and in all the late weaves, and at prices which will please you. Note these:

All Wool Novelties at 25c. to $1.75 per yd. All Wool Serge, 36 in., at 30c. per yd., in the new colors. Better and richer ones at 50c., 75c. and $1.00.

**A Very Handsome Line of Novelties,**

In Dress Patterns only, 75c. to $1.75 per yd. This has been our greatest spring season on black dress goods. The reason you can easily see in the price and style.

**Silks—Taffetas, Plain and Striped,** In all colors, pleasing combinations. Also for trimming, 50c. to $1.50 per yd.

**Capes and Jackets** have had a prominent place in the store and will have for some months. We can suit you at a reasonable price. We have a splendid

**Ladies' Kid Gloves for Bicycling,** at 79c. See it.

It's time now to think of WASH GOODS, of which we have a splendid list.

**Pretty Ginghams,** at 5, 8, 10, 15 and 20c. per yard, which cannot be surpassed for style.

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Then we have all the new things for trimming.

We would like you to see these, and if you can't come, a postal will bring samples.

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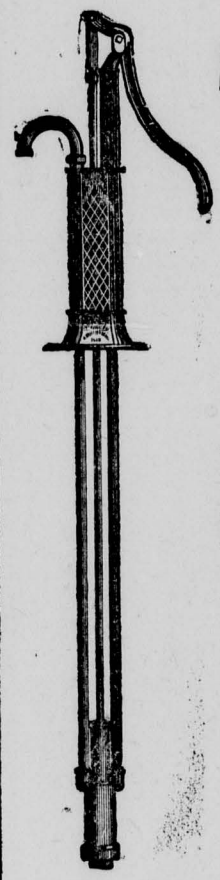

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